

Communities Committee

Report title:	Performance management
Date of meeting:	6 March 2019
Responsible Chief Officer:	Tom McCabe – Executive Director, Community and Environmental Services
Strategic impact Robust performance management is key to ensuring that the organisation works both efficiently and effectively to develop and deliver services that represent good value for money and which meet identified need.	

Executive summary

This management report to Committee is based upon the revised Performance Management System, which was implemented as of 1 April 2016. Additionally, this is the fourth report to provide data against the 2018/19 Vital Signs list derived from measures contained within the 'plans on a page' previously presented to and agreed by Committee.

There are currently 13 Vital Signs indicators under the remit of this Committee.

Performance is reported on an exception basis using a Report Card format, meaning that only those Vital Signs that are performing poorly or where performance is deteriorating are presented to Committee. To enable Members to have oversight of performance across all Vital Signs, all Report Cards (which is where more detailed information about performance is recorded) will be made available to view upon request.

Of the 13 Vital Signs indicators that fall within the remit of this Committee, two indicators have met the exception criteria:

- Number of people killed and seriously injured on Norfolk's roads
- Performance against NFRS Emergency Response Standards

Recommendations:

Review and comment on the performance data, information and analysis presented in the body of the report and determine whether any recommended actions identified are appropriate or whether another course of action is required - refer to the list of possible actions at Appendix 1.

In support of this, Appendix 1 provides:

- A set of prompts for performance discussions.
- Suggested options for further actions where Committee requires additional information or work to be undertaken.

1. Introduction

- 1.1. This management report to Committee is based upon the revised Performance Management System, which was implemented as of 1 April 2016. Additionally, this is the fourth report to provide data against the 2018/19 Vital Signs list derived from measures contained within the 'plans on a page' previously presented to and agreed by Committee.
- 1.2. There are currently 13 Vital Signs indicators under the remit of this Committee.
- 1.3. Work continues to see what other data may be available to report to Committee on a more frequent basis and these will in turn be considered for inclusion as Vital Signs indicators.
- 1.4. Of the 13 Vital Signs indicators that fall within the remit of this Committee, two indicators have met the exception criteria.

2. Performance dashboard

- 2.1. The performance dashboard provides a quick overview of Red/Amber/Green rated performance across all Vital Signs. This then complements the exception reporting process and enables Committee members to check that key performance issues are not being missed.
- 2.2. The Vital Signs indicators are monitored during the year and are subject to review when processes are amended to improve performance, to ensure that the indicator correctly captures future performance. A list of all Vital Signs indicators currently under the remit of the Committee is available at Appendix 2.
- 2.3. Vital Signs are reported to Committee on an exceptions basis. The exception reporting criteria are as follows:
 - Performance is off-target (Red RAG rating or variance of 5% or more)
 - Performance has two consecutive months/quarters/years of Amber RAG rating (Amber RAG rating within 5% worse than the target)
 - Performance is adversely affecting the County Council's ability to achieve its budget
 - Performance is adversely affecting one of the County Council's corporate risks.
- 2.4. Where cells have been greyed out on the performance dashboard, this indicates that data is not available due either to the frequency of reporting or the Vital Sign being under development. In this case, under development can mean that the Vital Sign has yet to be fully defined or that baseline data is being gathered.

Key to services on the performance dashboard:

- CIL – Community, Information and Learning
 - CH – Culture and Heritage
 - NFRS – Norfolk Fire and Rescue Service
 - PH – Public Health
- 2.5. The performance dashboard for the Communities Committee is as follows:

NOTES:

In most cases the RAG colours are set as: Green being equal to or better than the target; Amber being within 5% (not percentage points) worse than the target; Red being more than 5% worse than target. 'White' spaces denote that data will become available; 'grey' spaces denote that no data is currently expected, typically because the indicator is being finalised. The target value is that which relates to the latest measure period result in order to allow comparison against the RAG colours. A target may also exist for the current and/or future periods.

#	Monthly	Bigger or Smaller is better	Dec 17	Jan 18	Feb 18	Mar 18	Apr 18	May 18	Jun 18	Jul 18	Aug 18	Sep 18	Oct 18	Nov 18	Dec 18	Target
301	{PH} Number of people killed and seriously injured on Norfolk's roads	Smaller	421	425	434	430	446	466	454	442	438	433	459			338
313	{CH} Increase in the amount of transactional level metadata available and being accessed - (Norfolk Record Office)	Bigger	7.5k	8.7k	10.0k	24.0k	0.5k	1.3k	1.7k	2.5k	3.4k	3.6k	12.1k	13.8k	26.0k	7.5k
315	{CH} Museums visits – total visitors and school visits	Bigger	18.5k	21.7k	26.7k	27.6k	35.4k	34.2k	30.5k	36.9k	50.6k	45.3k	36.9k	23.6k	17.9k	14.9k
316	{NFRS} Performance against NFRS Emergency Response Standards	Bigger	79.2%	72.9%	78.8%	76.4%	78.6%	77.0%	77.9%	65.9%	71.3%	77.4%	75.5%	79.4%	79.5%	80.0%
			389 / 491	320 / 439	267 / 339	308 / 403	271 / 345	305 / 396	320 / 411	423 / 642	357 / 501	329 / 425	318 / 421	289 / 364	314 / 395	
317 a	{NFRS} On call (retained) fire station availability	Bigger	82.9%	86.6%	86.1%	86.0%	86.8%	85.2%	83.3%	85.7%	82.4%	82.3%	83.8%	86.0%	85.7%	90.0%
			73.3m / 88.4m	76.6m / 88.4m	68.7m / 79.8m	76.0m / 88.4m	74.2m / 85.5m	75.3m / 88.4m	71.3m / 85.5m	75.8m / 88.4m	72.9m / 88.4m	70.4m / 85.5m	74.0m / 88.4m	73.5m / 85.5m	75.7m / 88.4m	
318	{CIL} % of businesses that are compliant with Trading Standards	Bigger	95.2%	95.6%	94.92%	94.7%	97.0%	97.0%	96.0%	95.6%	95.3%	94.3%	95.5%	95.5%	95.6%	95.0%
			840 / 882	861 / 901	860 / 906	891 / 941	901 / 929	936 / 965	871 / 907	879 / 919	859 / 901	867 / 919	873 / 914	904 / 947	891 / 932	
319	{PH} Status of Norfolk Resilience Forum plans to where NCC is the lead agency	Bigger	95.8%	95.8%	95.8%	95.8%	95.8%	96.0%	96.0%	96.0%	96.0%	90.0%	90.0%	90.5%	85.7%	85%
			23 / 24	23 / 24	23 / 24	23 / 24	23 / 24	24 / 25	24 / 25	24 / 25	24 / 25	24 / 25	18 / 20	19 / 21	18 / 21	
325	{CIL} Customer satisfaction (with Council services)	Bigger	87.8%	86.7%	84.6%	78.9%	92.5%	92.9%	91.9%	92.9%	92.6%	93.6%	92.8%	93.5%	90.2%	90.0%
			2257 / 2572	4361 / 5029	3452 / 4082	4135 / 5240	2691 / 2908	2681 / 2887	2648 / 2882	2838 / 3055	2637 / 2848	2482 / 2652	1493 / 1609	1891 / 2022	910 / 1009	
			680 / 3663	659 / 3589	659 / 3561	650 / 3550	658 / 3532	645 / 3523	632 / 3478	660 / 3478	629 / 3388	635 / 3381	611 / 3420			
369	{PH} Percentage of new-borns that received a 6-8 week assessment from the Health Visitor	Bigger	97.0%	98.1%	97.1%	95.7%	96.3%	97.2%	94.8%	93.1%	91.3%	90.95%	92.7%			91.0%
					598 / 616	660 / 690	654 / 679	653 / 672	652 / 688	660 / 709	693 / 759	663 / 729	660 / 712			

#	Quarterly / Termly	Bigger or Smaller is better	Dec 15	Mar 16	Jun 16	Sep 16	Dec 16	Mar 17	Jun 17	Sep 17	Dec 17	Mar 18	Jun 18	Sep 18	Dec 18	Target
342	{PH} NHS Health Checks received by the eligible population	Bigger	24.6%	27.3%	29.8%	31.8%	33.9%	36.2%	38.3%	40.5%	42.4%	44.4%	2.1%	4.3%		4%
			65.0k / 264.1k	72.1k / 264.1k	78.6k / 264.1k	83.9k / 264.1k	89.5k / 264.1k	95.6k / 264.1k	101.2k / 264.1k	106.9k / 264.1k	111.9k / 264.1k	117.3k / 264.1k	5.7k / 264.5k	11.4k / 264.5k		
368	{PH} New STI diagnoses (excluding chlamydia in under 25 year olds) per 100,000 population aged 15 to 64	Smaller	582				536				576	583	600	608		794
#	Annual (financial / academic)	Bigger or Smaller is better	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Target
365	{Culture} Proportion (%) of participants engaged who were inactive	Bigger												37.80%		26.60%
														2010 / 5317		

3. Report Cards

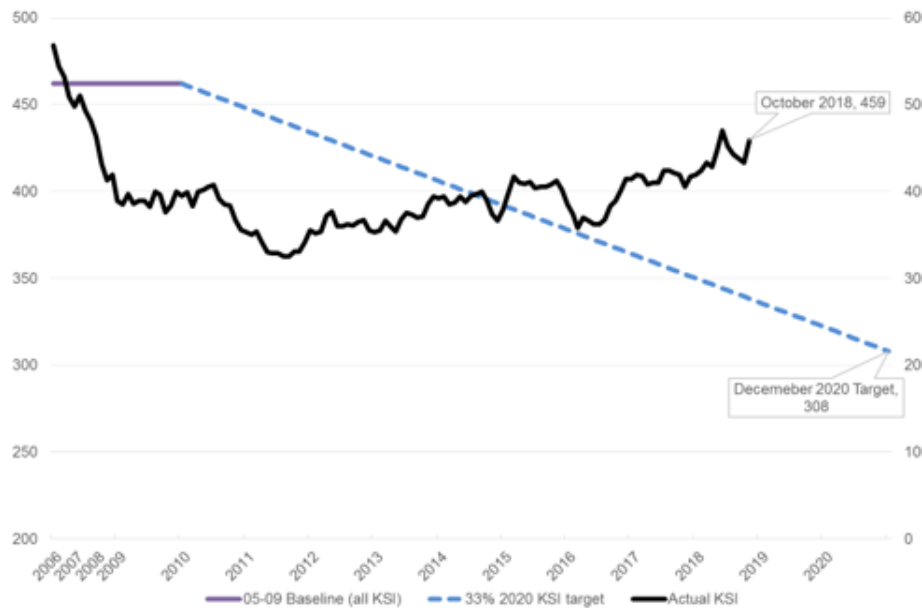
- 3.1. A Report Card has been produced for each Vital Sign. It provides a succinct overview of performance and outlines what actions are being taken to maintain or improve performance. The Report Card follows a standard format that is common to all committees.
- 3.2. Each Vital Sign has a lead officer, who is directly accountable for performance, and a data owner, who is responsible for collating and analysing the data on a monthly basis. The names and positions of these people are specified on the Report Cards.
- 3.3. Vital Signs are reported to Committee on an exceptions basis. The Report Cards for those Vital Signs that do not meet the exception criteria on this occasion, and so are not formally reported, are also collected and are available to view if requested.
- 3.4. Provided at Appendix 1 is a set of prompts for performance discussions that Members may wish to refer to as they review the Report Cards. There is also a list of suggested options for further actions where Committee requires additional information or work to be undertaken.
- 3.5. The Report Cards for the indicators that meet the exception criteria are shown below, which include contextual information for the indicator, along with information about current and historical performance:
 - Number of people killed and seriously injured on Norfolk's roads (Performance is off-target (Red RAG rating or variance of 5% or more) for October 2018 Red 459 against a target of 338
The vital sign reports data on the rolling monthly average number of killed and seriously injured. Following agreement by the Committee to develop a wider strategy for road safety based on the safe system approach, the intention is to produce a dashboard in partnership with Norfolk Constabulary and Norfolk Fire and Rescue Service as an annual report which will replace the monthly vital sign. It is anticipated that this will be ready for the spring of 2019.
 - Performance against NFRS Emergency Response Standards (Performance is off-target (Amber RAG rating) and has remained at an Amber RAG rating for two consecutive periods) for December 2018 Amber 79.5% against a target of 80% - Nov 2018 was Amber 79.4%, Oct 2018 was Amber 75.5%, Sept 2018 was Amber 77.4%
The nature and location of calls the service attend is changing. We have successfully reduced the number of false fire alarms (classified as fires where life may be at risk) we attend, meaning our resources are ready to respond to genuine emergencies. This means we now get fewer calls in urban areas, and the make-up of our response network means that calls in urban areas are typically quicker to get to.

People Killed or Seriously Injured (KSI) on Norfolk's Roads

Why is this important?

In 2017, 30 people were killed and 391 were seriously injured in road collisions in Norfolk, representing a significant emotional and financial burden to local people and services. A target was set in 2010 to reduce Killed and Seriously Injured by a third – from 462 average in 2005-2009, by the end of 2020 to 308.

Performance



What is the background to current performance?

- Local authorities are required by statute to promote road safety, to undertake collision/casualty data analysis and devise programmes including engineering and road user education, training and publicity that will improve road safety.
- The vital sign reports the actual figure of killed and seriously injured, not performance measures for services. It is also not expressed as a rate.
- Factors which positively impact numbers include in-car safety standards, greater compliance with speed limits, and economic decline which suppresses casualty numbers by limiting access to certain modes of transport.
- The rise in the number of KSI 2011-2016 is greater than national figures: Norfolk KSIs rose 6.2% compared with 2.9% nationally (more recent figures are awaited nationally).
- Norfolk has a lower KSI rate per 100,000 people, and per billion vehicle kilometres than its statistical neighbour authority Lincolnshire, but is outperformed in both measures by other neighbours Somerset and Suffolk.
- Future performance cannot be accurately predicted due to the number of factors which influence collisions on the road.
- Changes to police accident recording methodology will mean that national 2016 data will include certain metrics that will not be directly comparable to previous years, due to data quality issues.
- Norfolk ranked 6th (out of 31 peers) for Road Safety Education within the Highways and Transport survey

This graph represents the 12-month rolling figure for the number of KSI.

What will success look like?

- A downward trend in recorded KSI casualties against increases in vehicle kilometres and population increases;
- A saving to the local economy and local services of around £1.8 million per fatal casualty prevented, and around £206,000 for every serious casualty prevented.

Action required

- Continue with targeted local interventions and work with stakeholders
- Continue regular monitoring of sites which experience higher than expected collision numbers in order to identify remedial schemes
- Continue regular safety appraisal of new highway improvement schemes
- Communities Committee recommendations being implemented

Responsible Officers

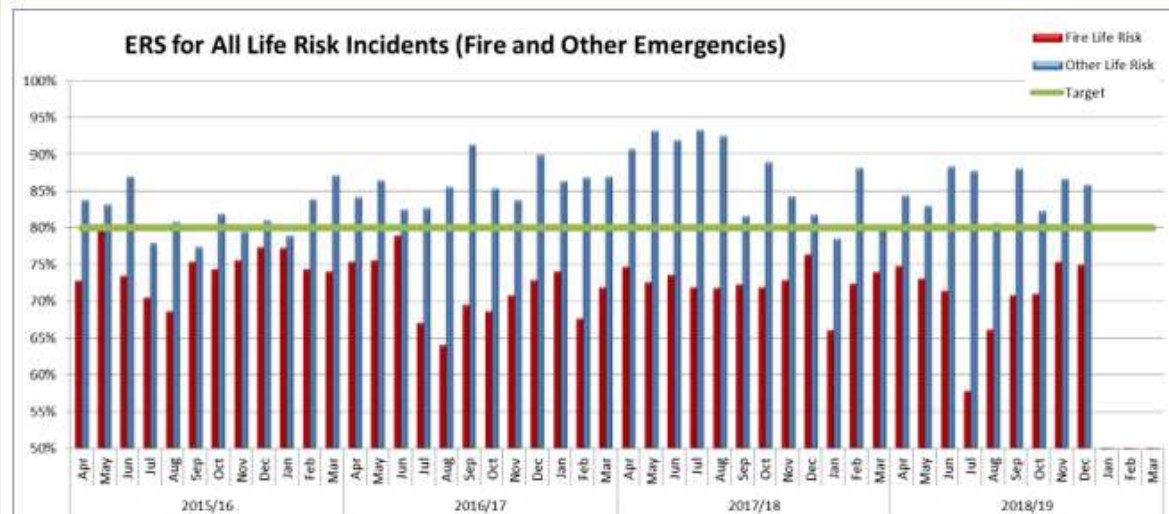
Lead: Diane Steiner (Public Health)
Data: Nile Pennington, Analyst Road Casualty Reduction

Emergency Response Standards (ERS) for Norfolk Fire and Rescue Service

Why is this important?

Responding quickly to an emergency can reduce the impact of the incident and save lives. We aim to get to a fire engine to 80% of 'Fires where life may be at risk' within 10 minutes and for 'Other emergencies where life may be at risk' within 13 minutes.

Performance



What is the background to current performance?

- The nature and location of calls we attend is changing. We have successfully reduced the number of false fire alarms (classified as fires where life may be at risk) we attend, meaning our resources are ready to respond to genuine emergencies. This means we get fewer calls in urban areas which are quicker to get to.
- The following figures relate to the first appliance in attendance:
- Monthly ERS fire life risk** performance declined slightly from 75.4% in November to 75.0% in December. The number of qualifying incidents in November and December were 236 and 232 respectively.
- Monthly ERS combined life risk** performance improved for the third month: October 75.5%; November 79.4%; December 79.5. The numbers of qualifying incidents were 421; 364 and 395 respectively.
- The **annual combined life risk ERS** performance is currently lower for this financial years than those previous:

2013/14	78.8%	2016/17	78.4%
2014/15	78.7%	2017/18	78.8%
2015/16	77.5%	2018/19	74.5% (FYTD)

What will success look like?

- We will consistently reach life risk calls within our emergency response standards (above the 80% of life risk calls) across Norfolk
- The economic cost of fire in Norfolk will reduce as we will get to emergencies quickly, reducing the impact of the fire/emergency in terms of damage caused and fewer casualties and fatalities.

Action required

- We are currently reviewing the calls we classify as "life may be a risk" to make sure we are recording the right information.
- We are working to improve the availability of our retained firefighter resources to ensure we are available to respond quickly when needed.

Responsible Officers

Lead: Stuart Ruff, Acting Chief Fire Officer

Data: Eileen Dudley, Data and Statistical Analyst

4. Recommendations

4.1. Committee Members are asked to:

Review and comment on the performance data, information and analysis presented in the body of the report and determine whether any recommended actions identified are appropriate or whether another course of action is required – refer to the list of possible actions at Appendix 1.

In support of this, Appendix 1 provides:

- A set of prompts for performance discussions.
- Suggested options for further actions where Committee requires additional information or work to be undertaken.

5. Financial Implications

5.1. There are no significant financial implications arising from the performance management report.

6. Issues, risks and innovation

6.1. There are no significant issues, risks and innovations arising from the performance management report.

Recommendations:

Review and comment on the performance data, information and analysis presented in the body of the report and determine whether any recommended actions identified are appropriate or whether another course of action is required - refer to the list of possible actions at Appendix 1.

In support of this, Appendix 1 provides:

- A set of prompts for performance discussions.
- Suggested options for further actions where Committee requires additional information or work to be undertaken.

Officer Contact

If you have any questions about matters contained in this paper or want to see copies of any assessments, eg equality impact assessment, please get in touch with:

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Email address: andrew.brownsell@norfolk.gov.uk

Appendix 1 – Performance discussions and actions

Reflecting good performance management practice, there are some helpful prompts that can help scrutinise performance, and guide future actions. These are set out below.

Suggested prompts for performance improvement discussion

In reviewing the Vital Signs that have met the exception reporting criteria and so included in this report, there are a number of performance improvement questions that can be worked through to aid the performance discussion, as below:

1. Why are we not meeting our target?
2. What is the impact of not meeting our target?
3. What performance is predicted?
4. How can performance be improved?
5. When will performance be back on track?
6. What can we learn for the future?

In doing so, Committee members are asked to consider the actions that have been identified by the Vital Sign lead officer.

Performance improvement – suggested actions

A standard list of suggested actions has been developed. This provides members with options for next steps where reported performance levels require follow-up and additional work.

	Action	Description
1	Approve actions	Approve actions identified in the Report Card and set a date for reporting back to Committee.
2	Identify alternative or additional actions	Identify alternative/additional actions to those in the Report Card and set a date for reporting back to Committee.
3	Refer to Departmental Management Team	DMT to work through the performance issues identified at Committee meeting and develop an action plan for improvement and report back to Committee.
4	Refer to Committee Task and Finish Group	Member-led task and finish group to work through the performance issues identified at Committee meeting and develop an action plan for improvement and report back to Committee.
5	Refer to County Leadership Team	Identify key actions for performance improvement and refer to CLT for action.
6	Refer to Policy and Resources Committee	Identify key actions for performance improvement that have 'whole Council' performance implications and refer them to the Policy and Resources Committee for action.

Appendix 2 – Communities Committee Vital Signs Indicators

A Vital Sign is a key indicator from one of the County Council’s services which provides Members, officers and the public with a clear measure to assure that the service is performing as it should and contributing to the County Council’s priorities. It is, therefore, focused on the results experienced by the community. It is important to choose enough Vital Signs to enable a good picture of performance to be deduced, but not so many that strategic discussions are distracted by detail.

There are currently 13 Vital Signs performance indicators that relate to the Communities Committee. The indicators in bold (on the Table below) are Vital Signs indicators deemed to have corporate significance and therefore will also be reported to the Policy and Resources Committee.

Key to services:

- CIL – Community, Information and Learning
- CH – Culture and Heritage
- NFRS – Norfolk Fire and Rescue Service
- PH – Public Health

Service	Vital Signs Indicator	What it measures	Why it is important	Data
PH	Road safety	Number of people killed and seriously injured on Norfolk’s roads	Road casualties are a significant contributor to the levels of mortality and morbidity of Norfolk people, and the risks of involvement in KSI injuries are raised for both deprived and vulnerable groups in the Norfolk population.	Rolling twelve months

Service	Vital Signs Indicator	What it measures	Why it is important	Data
CH	Norfolk Record Office – Increase in Metadata on NRO Catalogue	Increase in the amount of transactional level metadata available and being accessed (Norfolk Record Office)	The most significant means of access to the Record Office Collection is via metadata provided in its catalogue. The better the metadata, the better the outcomes from the use of the Record Office.	Monthly
CH	Museum use	Museum visits – total visitors and school visits	Demonstrates contribution to Excellence sub outcomes and improvement curve.	Cumulative monthly
NFRS	Response to emergencies	Emergency Response Standards	Responding quickly to an emergency can reduce the impact of the incident and save lives. We aim to get to a fire engine to 80% of 'Fires where life may be at risk' within 10 minutes and for 'Other emergencies where life may be at risk' within 13 minutes.	Monthly
NFRS	Response to emergencies	On call fire station availability	Responding quickly to an emergency can reduce the impact of the incident. To do this the service needs its response resources to be available. This measure records the combined availability of the first on call fire engine from each station. The aim is to have these available 90% of the time.	Monthly

Service	Vital Signs Indicator	What it measures	Why it is important	Data
CIL	Business compliance with trading standards	% of businesses that are broadly compliant with trading standards	Helps ensure that poor business practice is corrected and consumers and legitimate businesses are protected.	Monthly
PH	Response to emergencies	Status of Norfolk Resilience Forum plans where NCC is the lead agency	Ensure that plans and procedures are in place to prepare, respond and recover from emergencies.	Monthly
CIL	Customer satisfaction	Customer satisfaction with council services	Helps to improve the service that we provide to our customers.	Monthly
PH	Engagement and retention of adult substance misuse clients	% of adult substance misuse users that left substance misuse treatment successfully and who do not re-present to treatment within 6 months.	Poor parental mental health, exposure to domestic abuse and alcohol/drug abuse by parents strongly affect children's outcomes.	Monthly
PH	New born babies 6-8-week assessment	% of new-borns that received a 6-8-week assessment from the Health Visitor	It supports early identification of families needing further health and social support, empowering parents to develop effective strategies that build resilience, support and information on feeding, healthy weight and nutrition.	Monthly
PH	NHS Health checks received by the eligible population	% of eligible population aged 40-74 who received an NHS Health Check	To measure Norfolk's delivery against that of England's % of NHS Health Checks received by the eligible population.	Quarterly

Service	Vital Signs Indicator	What it measures	Why it is important	Data
PH	Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) diagnoses	New STI diagnoses per 100,000 population aged 15 to 64	Reducing the transmission of HIV and STIs results in a healthier population.	Quarterly
CH	Active Norfolk participants engaged who were inactive	% of participants engaging in Active Norfolk commissioned activities (for the purpose of reducing inactivity) who report a total of 30 minutes or less of at least moderate intensity activity a week	Demonstrates whether services are reaching those who need them most with regards to physical activity.	Annually