

NORFOLK JOINT MUSEUMS & ARCHAEOLOGY COMMITTEE

ACCOUNTS APPROVAL AND URGENT BUSINESS SUB-COMMITTEE

*Please note the meeting will be preceded by induction training starting at 2 pm in the Colman Room

Date	Time	Place
Monday, 30 September 2013	2.30pm	The Colman Room, County Hall, Norwich
Membership Mr J W Bracey Mr D Bradford Mr A Grey Mr H Humphrey Dr C Kemp Mr M Sands Mr J Ward		

Agenda

- 1 Election of Chairman
- 2 Election of Vice-Chairman
- To Receive Apologies and Details of any Substitute Members Attending
- 4 Minutes (PAGE 5)

To receive the minutes of the previous meeting held on 28 September 2012

5 Members to Declare any Interests

If you have a **Disclosable Pecuniary Interest** in a matter to be considered at the meeting and that interest is on your Register of Interests you must not speak or vote on the matter.

If you have a **Disclosable Pecuniary Interest** in a matter to be considered at the meeting and that interest is not on your Register of Interests you must declare that interest at the meeting and not speak or

vote on the matter.

In either case you may remain in the room where the meeting is taking place. If you consider that it would be inappropriate in the circumstances to remain in the room, you may leave the room while the matter is dealt with.

If you do not have a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest you may nevertheless have an **Other Interest** in a matter to be discussed if it affects:

- your well being or financial position
- that of your family or close friends
- that of a club or society in which you have a management role
- that of another public body of which you are a member to a greater extent than others in your ward.

If that is the case then you must declare such an interest but can speak and vote on the matter.

- To Note Whether any Items Have Been Proposed as Matters of Urgent Business
- 7 External Auditor Annual Audit Results Report (ISA 260) 2012/13 (PAGE 9)
 Report by the Interim Head of Finance
- 8 Annual Statement of Accounts and Annual Governance Statement (PAGE 20) 2012/13
 Report by the Interim Head of Finance
- 9 Letter of Representation 2012/13 (PAGE 70)
 Report by the Interim Head of Finance
- 10 To Answer Formal Questions (if any) of Which Due Notice Has Been Given
- Any Other Terms of Business which the Chairman decides should be considered as a matter of urgent business pursuant to Section 100B(4)(b) of the Local Government Act 1972

Chris Walton Head of Democratic Services County Hall

Martineau Lane Norwich NR1 2DH

20 September 2013

Enquiries and names of any Substitute Members to Tim Shaw

Direct Dialling: Norwich (01603) 222948 E-mail: timothy.shaw@norfolk.gov.uk



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NORFOLK JOINT MUSEUMS & ARCHAEOLOGY COMMITTEE ACCOUNTS APPROVAL & URGENT BUSINESS SUB-COMMITTEE

Minutes of the Meeting held on 28 September 2012

Present:

Mr D Bradford Mr B Stone Mr P Duigan Mr M Wilby

Also Present:

Mr H Bullen for the Head of Finance Mr A Thompson Chief Internal Auditor Mr P King from the Audit Commission who introduced the Audit Commission Annual Governance Report for 2011/2012 Mr Tim Shaw Committee Officer

1 Election of Chairman

Resolved -

That Mr P Duigan be elected Chairman of the Sub-Committee for the ensuing year.

(Mr P Duigan in the Chair)

2 Election of Vice-Chairman

Resolved -

That Mr B Stone be elected Vice-Chairman of the Sub-Committee for the ensuing year.

3 Apologies

Apologies for absence were received from Mr G Jones, Miss J Toms and Mr J Ward.

4 Minutes

The minutes of the previous meeting held on 4 November 2011 were confirmed by the Sub-Committee and signed by the Chairman.

5 Declarations of Interest

There were no declarations of interest.

6 Urgent Business

There were no items of urgent business.

7 Audit Commission – Annual Governance Report Audit 2011/12

The annexed report by the Head of Finance was received.

The Sub-Committee received a report from the Head of Finance that introduced the Audit Commission's Annual Governance Report for the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee for 2011/2012 which was introduced by Mr Philip King from the Audit Commission.

Resolved -

That the Sub-Committee:

- (a) Note the Audit Commission's Annual Governance Report before the Audit Commission issue their audit opinion.
- **(b)** Take note of the adjustments to the financial statements that are set out in the report.
- (c) Recommend that the Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee consider the Audit Commission Annual Governance Report.

8 Annual Statement of Accounts and Annual Governance Statement 2011/12

The annexed report by the Head of Finance was received.

The Sub-Committee received a report that summarised the Statement of Accounts for the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee for 2011/2012 which had been subject to external audit by the Audit Commission.

The Head of Finance anticipated that the Sub-Committee would receive an unqualified audit report.

Resolved-

That the Sub-Committee:

- (a) Note that, following annual reviews, the system of internal control and internal audit were considered adequate and effective for the purposes of the relevant regulations.
- **(b)** Approve the Annual Governance Statement and commend it for signature by the Chairman of the Sub-Committee and the Director of Community Services.
- (c) Approve the Statement of Accounts for 2011/2012

9 Letter of Representation 2011/2012

The annexed report by the Head of Finance was received.

The Sub-Committee received a report that included a draft Letter of Representation to the external auditors about the audit of the financial statements for 2011/2012. The letter was required by the auditors before they issued their opinion and conclusion on the accounts.

Resolved -

That on behalf of the Sub-Committee, the Chairman of the Sub-Committee and the Head of Finance be authorised to sign the Letter of Representation to the external auditors that was enclosed within the attached report.

10 Audit Commission – Draft Annual Audit Letter 2011/2012

The annexed report by the Head of Finance was received.

The Sub-Committee received a report from the Head of Finance that introduced the Audit Commission's draft Annual Audit Letter of the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee.

Resolved -

That the Joint Committee note the report and the attached draft Annual Audit Letter that provided a summary of the Audit Commission's assessment of the Joint Committee.

11 Chairman's Concluding Remarks

It was noted that the meeting had been preceded by an informative half-hour Induction Training Session that gave the members a more clear understanding of the accounting policies adopted by the Joint Committee and the need to ensure that there was a sound system of internal control, which included arrangements for the management of risk. On behalf of the Sub-Committee, the Chairman said that he was grateful to Mr. Harvey Bullen (Head of Budgeting and Financial Management) and Mr Adrian Thompson (Chief Internal Auditor) for conducting the training session that preceded the meeting and to Mr Philip King from Audit Commission for taking the time to attend the meeting and introduce the Audit Commission's Annual Governance Report for 2011/2012.

The meeting concluded at 2.45pm.

Chairman



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Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee 30 September 2013

Item No: 7

External Auditor's Annual Audit Results Report (ISA 260) 2012-13

Report by the Head of Finance

Summary

This note introduces Ernst & Young's Audit Results Report (ISA 260) for Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee.

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Joint Committee should consider the Ernst & Young Audit Results Report (ISA 260).

1. Background

The Joint Committee's external auditors are required to present the conclusions of their audit to the committee on an annual basis. The report details any findings that the auditors have made and any material adjustments to the draft accounts.

Following the signing of the accounts the external auditors will write an annual management letter which formally concludes the audit.

2. Ernst & Young Audit Results Report (ISA 260)

- 2.1 Ernst & Young will present their Audit Results Report (ISA 260) to the joint Committee on 30 September 2013.
- 2.2 A representative from Ernst & Young will be in attendance at the meeting to answer any questions raised by the committee.

3. Ernst & Young Annual Management Letter

The annual management letter will be produced by Ernst & Young following the signing of the accounts. This will be presented to the next meeting of the Joint Committee.

4. Resource And Risk Implications

4.1 Other than any items raised specifically in the Audit Results Report, there are no resources or risk implications arising from this report.

5. Other Implications

5.1 There are no legal, human rights, and communication implications arising from this report. The contents of this report do not directly impact on equality, in that it is not making proposals that will have an impact on equality of access or outcomes for diverse groups.

6. Section 17 Crime and Disorder Act

6.1 There are no direct implications of this report for the Crime and Disorder Act

7. Alternative Options

7.1 There are no alternative options that the Joint Committee needs to consider.

8. Conclusion

8.1 The Joint Committee should consider the External Auditor's report and whether the committee wishes to take any further action.

Recommendation

Members are invited to:

- Consider the matters raised in the report before Ernst & Young issue their audit opinion
- Take note of any adjustments to the financial statements set out in the report.

Paul Brittain Head of Finance 01603 222401 email: paul.brittain@norfolk.gov.uk

If you need this statement in large print, audio, Braille, alternative format or in a different language please contact Sam Jarrett on tel. 01603 222828 or textphone 0344 8008011, and we will do our best to help.



Changes to Museums Accounts 2012-13

Section & Page Number	Change Applied	Officer / Auditor Correction	Reason
CIES Page 11	Decrease Gross Expenditure by £69k Decrease Norfolk County Council contribution by £69k	Auditor Correction	Overstatement of creditors posted by NPS on three orders for which invoices had already been partially settled.
Balance Sheet Page 12	Decrease Debtors by £69k Decrease Creditors by £69k		
Financial Instruments	Decrease Debtors by £69k		
Page 18	Decrease Creditors by £69k		
Debtors Page 19	Decrease Debtors by £69k		
Creditors Page 19	Decrease Creditors by £69k		
Note 12 Amounts	Decrease Amounts in CIES not reported to		
Reported for Resource	management by £69k		
Allocation Decisions	Decrease Other Service Expenditure by £69k		
Pages 21 & 22	Decrease Norfolk County Council contribution by £69k		
2 Critical Judgements in	Change of wording in the critical judgments	Auditor Correction	Change requested to avoid the
Applying Accounting	from "assets of the Joint Committee might be		misunderstanding that the Joint Committee
Policies	impaired" to "operations of the Joint Committee		may have non-current assets impaired when it
Page 16	might be reduced"		does not recognise any non-current assets although it does recognise current assets such as cash and debtors.
14 Officers' Remuneration	Inclusion of one exit package in the £0-20,000	Auditor Correction	One exit package was paid but not identified
Page 24	band for 2012-13. No change to the total value of exit packages agreed.		in 2012-13. The value was £454 and therefore was not identified in the table.
16 Grant Income Page 25	Reduction in income from HLF from £284k to £224k	Auditor Correction	Misclassification of two grants
	Increase in funding from Arts Council England from £1,811k to £1,871k		

Overstatement of creditors by £69k

Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

	2011-12				2012-13	
Gross Expenditure	Gross Income	Net Expenditure		Gross Expenditure	Gross Income	Net Expenditure
Restated £000s	Restated £000s	Restated £000s		£000s	£000s	£000s
7,855	4,261	3,594	Museums and Archaeology Service	8,151	4,140	4,011
8	0	8	Corporate and Democratic Core	11	0	11
7,863	4,261	3,602	Cost of Services	8,162	4,140	4,022
		(3,889)	Contribution from NCC			(4,104)
		(287)	(Surplus) or Deficit on Provision of Services			(82)
		0	Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure			0
		(287)	Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure		-	(82)

Balance Sheet

31 March 2012 £000s		Notes	31 March 2013 £000s
0	Long Term Assets		0
79	Inventories	9	105
1,672	Short Term Debtors	7	1,853
8	Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	7
1,759	Current Assets	•	1,965
(789)	Short Term Creditors	8	(913)
(789)	Current Liabilities		(913)
0	Long Term Liabilities		0
970	Net Assets		1,052
970	Useable Reserves	5	1,052
970	Total Reserves		1,052

6 Financial Instruments

The following categories of financial instruments are carried in the Balance Sheet:

	31 March 2012 £000s	31 March 2013 £000s
Debtors		
Loans and receivables	1,672	1,853
Total Debtors	1,672	1,853
Creditors		
Financial liabilities carried at contract amounts	789	913
Total Creditors	789	913

The fair value of short term debtors and creditors is taken to be the invoiced or billed amount.

7 Debtors

	31 March 2012 £000s	31 March 2013 £000s
Central government bodies	558	175
Other local authorities	207	62
Prepayments	4	26
Other entities and individuals	31	30
Cash debtor adjustment	872	1,560
Less: Bad debt provision	0	0
Total	1,672	1,853

8 Creditors

	31 March 2012 £000s	31 March 2013 £000s
Central government bodies	23	79
Other local authorities	26	0
Receipts in advance	53	85
Public corporations and trading funds	17	0
Other entities and individuals	670	749
Total	789	913

12 Amounts reported for resource allocation decisions

The analysis of income and expenditure by service on the face of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement is that specified by the *Service Reporting Code of Practice*. However, decisions about resource allocation are taken by the Joint Committee on the basis of budget reports analysed across the Museums and Archaeology Service. These reports are prepared on a different basis from the accounting policies used in the financial statements. In particular:

- capital charges relating to assets that the Committee uses are included in the reports provided to the Committee. However, these charges are removed from the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, in accordance with the policy on Property, Plant and Equipment.
- expenditure on some support services is budgeted for within the County Council accounts and not charged to the Museums and Archaeology Service.

The income and expenditure of the Joint Committee recorded in the budget reports for the year is as follows:

Income and Expenditure Analysis	2011-12 £000s	2012-13 £000s
Fees, charges and other service income	(3,112)	(2,884)
Government grants	(1,574)	(2,159)
Total Income	(4,686)	(5,043)
Employee expenses	3,997	4,102
Other support expenses	5,408	4,384
Support service recharges	0	0
Total Expenditure	9,405	8,486
Net Expenditure	4,719	3,443

Reconciliation of Income and Expenditure Analysis to Cost of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

This reconciliation shows how the figures in the analysis of income and expenditure relate to the amounts included in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

	2011-12 £000s	2012-13 £000s
Net expenditure reported to committee	4,719	3,443
Net expenditure of support services not included in the analysis	502	470
Amounts in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement not reported to management in the analysis	32	(62)
Amounts in the analysis not included in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement	(1,651)	171
Cost of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement	3,602	4,022

Reconciliation to Subjective Analysis

This reconciliation shows how the figures in the analysis of income and expenditure relate to a subjective analysis of the Surplus or Deficit on the provision of Services included in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

2012-13

	Reported to The Joint Committee	Support Service Recharge	Amounts Not Included In I&E	Amounts Not Reported To Management	Total
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Fees charges & other service income	(2,884)	0	900	3	(1,981)
Government Grants	(2,159)	0	0	0	(2,159)
Total Income	(5,043)	0	900	3	(4,140)
Employee expenses	4,102	0	0	11	4,113
Other service expenses	4,384	0	(621)	(76)	3,687
Support service recharges	0	470	0	0	470
Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	0	0	(108)	0	(108)
Total Expenditure	8,486	470	(729)	(65)	8,162
Net Expenditure	3,443	470	171	(62)	4,022
NCC Contribution	0	0	0	(4,104)	(4,104)
Surplus or Deficit on the Provision of Services	3,443	470	171	(4,166)	(82)

Rewording of Critical Judgements Note

2 Critical Judgements in Applying Accounting Policies

In applying the accounting policies set out in Note 1, the Joint Committee has had to make certain judgements about complex transactions or those involving uncertainty about future events.

The critical judgements made in the Statement of Accounts are:

 There is a high degree of uncertainty about future levels of funding for local government. However, the Joint Committee has determined that this uncertainty is not yet sufficient to provide an indication that the operations of the Joint Committee might be reduced as a result of a need to close facilities and reduce levels of service provision.

Restatement of Exit Packages in 2012-13

Exit Package cost band	Number o Compulso Redundar	ry		Total number of exit packages by cost packages in each band Total cost of exit packages in each band		packages by cost band		
	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13
							£000s	£000s
£0 – £20,000	4	1	4	0	8	1	29	0
Total	4	1	4	0	8	1	29	0

Restatement of Grant Income

16 Grant Income

The Joint Committee credited the following grants, contributions and donations to the Cost of Service within the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement:

	2011-12 £000s	2012-13 £000s
Grant Income:		
MLA Council Grant	1,719	0
Heritage Lottery Fund	167	224
Arts Council England	0	1,871
Colchester Borough Council	11	0
Improvement East	60	0
Medway Council	25	25
Tyne & Wear Museums	229	0
Department for Culture, Media & Sport	0	64
Esme Fairbairn Foundation	0	71
Other Small Grants	57	28
Total Grant Income	2,268	2,283
Contributions:		
Great Yarmouth Borough Council	43	42
Borough Council of King's Lynn and West Norfolk	38	31
North Norfolk District Council	46	40
Norwich City Council	14	14
National Art Collections Fund	70	0
National Heritage Memorial Fund	93	0
National Trust	0	18
Costumes and Textiles Association	0	10
Other Small Contributions	130	22
Total Contribution Income	434	177
Total Grant and Contribution Income	2,702	2,460

Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee 30 September 2013 Item No: 8

Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee Annual Statement of Accounts and Annual Governance Statement 2012/13

Report by the Head of Finance

This report summarises the Statement of Accounts of Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee for 2012/13 which are subject to external audit by Ernst & Young. The Head of Finance anticipates that the Committee will receive an unqualified audit opinion.

The Statement of Accounts is presented in the format required for statutory external reporting requirements. This report summarises the contents of the statement of accounts, and identifies material changes which have been made as a result of audit and officer review during the audit period.

This report also introduces the proposed Annual Governance Statement 2012/13, which is presented alongside the Statement of Accounts, and provides assurance that the organisation's governance framework, including the system of internal control and internal audit, is adequate and effective for the purpose of the relevant regulations.

Recommendation

The Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee is requested to:

- note that, following annual reviews, the system of internal control and internal audit are considered adequate and effective for the purposes of the relevant regulations
- consider and approve the Annual Governance Statement and commend the Statement for signature by the Chairman and the Director of Community Services
- consider and approve the Statement of Accounts for 2012/13.

1. Introduction

- 1.1 As part of the formal process of closing the Committee's 2012/13 accounts, Members are required to approve the Statement of Accounts, attached as Appendix 1 to this report, by 30 September. This process of approval is included within the Committee's terms of reference.
- 1.2 The Committee's external auditor, Ernst & Young, is currently auditing the statement of accounts and will present a separate report to the Committee on this agenda.
- 1.3 The Committee's Annual Governance Statement, as described in section 3 of this report, is presented alongside the Statement of Accounts and attached as Appendix 2.

2. Background

- 2.1 The Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2011 issued by the Secretary of State set out the requirements for the preparation and publication of final accounts. These regulations include the requirement for the formal approval of the Committee's Statement of Accounts.
- 2.2 The Head of Finance is satisfied that the Statement of Accounts has been prepared in accordance with both the current Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in Great Britain (the Code) and the Service Reporting Code of Practice (SeRCOP) supported by International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and other statutory guidance. The Statement of Accounts is required to present a true and fair view of the Committee's financial position at 31 March 2013 and also the income and expenditure for the financial year.
- 2.3 The Committee continues to prepare the 2012/13 Statement of Accounts under International Financial Reporting Standards.
- 2.4 A public inspection period of Tuesday 9 July to Monday 5 August 2013 was publicised in accordance with the relevant regulations, with a press advertisement and information on the Norfolk County Council website.
- 2.5 In accordance with good practice, the draft Statement of Accounts has been publicly available on Norfolk County Council's website since 8 July 2013.
- 2.6 Ernst & Young started their detailed examination of the Statement of Accounts in July and will present their Audit Results Report (ISA 260) to this meeting. They will only be able to formally conclude the audit, and issue their report and certificate, if they have received a copy of the Statement of Accounts as approved by this Committee.
- 2.7 Any further audit amendments to these accounts between the date of this report and the meeting will be notified to members of the Committee at the meeting.

2.8 The Accounts and Audit Regulations require that the Statement of Accounts must be published by 30 September.

3 Annual Governance Statement

- 3.1 Regulations require that:
 - the Committee must conduct a review at least once a year of the effectiveness of its system of internal control, including internal audit
 - findings of this review should be considered by the Committee,
 - the Committee must approve an Annual Governance Statement; and the Annual Governance Statement must accompany the Statement of Accounts.
- 3.2 Guidance for the preparation, review and reporting of the Annual Governance Statement has been issued by CIPFA/SoLACE and has been used in the preparation of this Statement.
- 3.3 The Chief Internal Auditor reviews the effectiveness of the system of internal control throughout the year and reports annually to the Committee. The Chief Internal Auditor reported to the Committee on 28 June 2013 that in his opinion the system of internal control including the arrangements for the management of risk during 2012/13 was acceptable and therefore considered sound. There were no findings with respect to his review of the system of internal control. The Committee accepted this opinion. That report also set out how the Committee undertakes an adequate and effective internal audit of its accounting records and of its system of internal control in accordance with proper practices in relation to internal control.
- 3.4 The Annual Governance Statement is included at Appendix 2. This draft Statement was published along with the draft Statement of Accounts in July on the Council's website. It is commended to the Committee for approval.

4 Changes to the Presentation of the Accounts

- 4.1 Each year the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting is revised and updated to ensure accounts produced by local authorities comply, where relevant, with the latest accounting standards.
- 4.2 The 2012/13 Statement of Accounts includes one notable change in presentation:
 - Capital charges relating to Norfolk County Council's Museums assets have
 previously been included in the gross and net expenditure of the Committee
 as a proxy for the cost of using those assets. These charges were offset by
 the recognition of a notional contribution from Norfolk County Council. In
 order to be consistent with the treatment of the District Councils' assets,
 these charges and the related contribution have been removed in 2012/13.
 The comparative figures for 2011/12 have been restated.

5 Statement of Accounts - Content

- 5.1 The accounts are set out in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2012/13.
- 5.2 The Statement of Accounts includes the Movement in Reserves Statement, the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, a Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statement.

5.3 Explanatory Foreword

The purpose of the foreword is to offer interested parties an easily understandable guide to the most significant matters in the accounts.

5.4 Statement of Responsibilities

This statement sets out the respective responsibilities of the Joint Committee and the Head of Finance in relation to the production of the final accounts.

5.5 Independent Auditors' Report

This report will set out the External Auditor's opinion in respect of the Statement of Accounts. Based on an assumption that this committee will agree to approve the Statement of Accounts, the Committee expects to receive an unqualified audit opinion.

5.6 Movement in Reserves Statement

This statement shows the movement during the year of all the Committee's useable and unusable reserves and shows the aggregate change in its net worth.

5.7 Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

The Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement shows the resources generated and consumed by the Committee in the year to the 31 March 2013.

5.8 Balance Sheet

The Balance Sheet statement sets out the financial position of the Committee at 31 March 2013. The statement shows the balances and reserves at the Committee's disposal and net current assets employed.

5.9 Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement summarises the inflows and outflows of cash arising from transactions with third parties for revenue purposes. The statement shows that there has been a net decrease in cash and cash equivalents.

5.10 Notes to the Core Financial Statements

The first note to the Accounts is the Statement of Accounting Policies which summarises the accounting rules and conventions that have been used in preparing the accounts.

5.11 The Code requires that some specific notes have to be included in the Statement of Accounts, e.g. disclosure of related party transactions. In addition, other notes may be added in order that a reader of the Accounts has

sufficient information to have a good understanding of the Committee's activities.

6 Accounting Adjustments

- 6.1 There have been no material adjustments made to the accounts published on 8 July 2013.
- 6.2 Ernst & Young are currently in the process of completing the audit of the Committee's Statement of Accounts.
- 6.3 Any further adjustments to the accounts will be summarised and presented to the Committee along with the revised statement of accounts.

7. Resource Implications

7.1 There are no finance, staff, property or IT implications arising from this report.

8. Other Implications

8.1 There are no legal, human rights, and communication implications arising from this report. The contents of this report do not directly impact on equality, in that it is not making proposals that will have an impact on equality of access or outcomes for diverse groups.

9. Risk Implications/Assessment

9.1 There are no risk implications arising from this report.

10. Section 17 Crime and Disorder Act

10.1 There are no direct implications of this report for the Crime and Disorder Act

11 Alternative Options

11.1 There are no alternative options that the Joint Committee needs to consider.

12 Conclusion

12.1 The 2012/13 Statement of Accounts has been produced in accordance with statutory regulations. The audit of the accounts is currently underway and it is anticipated the Committee will received an unqualified audit opinion.

13 Recommendation

The Committee is requested to:

13.1 note that, following annual reviews, the system of internal control and internal audit are considered adequate and effective for the purposes of the relevant regulations.

- 13.2 consider and approve the Annual Governance Statement and commend the statement for signature by the Chair and the Director of Community Services.
- 13.3 consider and approve the 2012/13 Statement of Accounts

Officer Contact

If you have any questions about matters in this paper please get in touch with:

Name

Telephone Number

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Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee

Statement of Accounts 2012-13

Contents

OVERVIEW OF THE NORFOLK JOINT MUSEUMS AND ARCHAEOLOGY COMMITTEE	2
EXPLANATORY FOREWORD	4
ANNUAL GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR NORFOLK JOINT MUSEUMS AND ARCHAEOLOGY COMMITTEE 2012-13	
STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES	7
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO MEMBERS OF NORFOLK JOINT MUSEUMS AND ARCHAEOLOGY COMMITTEE	
MOVEMENT IN RESERVES STATEMENT	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT	11
BALANCE SHEET	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT	
NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS	13
ACCOUNTING POLICIES CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES ASSUMPTIONS MADE ABOUT THE FUTURE AND OTHER MAJOR SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE TRANSFERS TO/FROM EARMARKED RESERVES FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS DEBTORS CREDITORS INVENTORIES CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HERITAGE ASSETS AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR RESOURCE ALLOCATION DECISIONS MEMBERS' ALLOWANCES OFFICERS' REMUNERATION EXTERNAL AUDIT COSTS GRANT INCOME RELATED PARTIES DEFINED BENEFITS PENSION SCHEMES NATURE AND EXTENT OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	13 16 17 17 18 18 19 19 20 20 23 24 24 25 26 26
GLOSSARY OF TERMS	27

Overview of the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee

The County Council and all the District Councils within Norfolk have made joint arrangements, under Section 101(5) of the Local Government Act 1972, for the exercise of the functions of the participating local authorities under Section 12 of the Public Libraries and Museums Act 1964.

The Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee (the Joint Committee) is responsible for:

- Monitoring the effective operation of the Norfolk Museums and Archaeology Service within the available budget
- Advising all the participating Councils on the strategic framework for museums and archaeology in Norfolk
- Agreeing policies for the Norfolk Museums and Archaeology Service in accordance with national and local guidelines
- Acting as a forum for developing future strategy
- Agreeing the service plan in the light of the available budget
- Receiving the minutes of the Norfolk Museums and Archaeology Service Board for information

The Joint Committee has established Area Committees for Breckland, King's Lynn and West Norfolk, and Norwich. The Area Committees report back to the joint committee and any issues are discussed.

The Area Committees:

- Provide a detailed view of local museums and archaeological issues
- Agree the local service plan within the available budget and county-wide service plan
- Advise on the terms of any Service Level Agreement (SLA) with Norfolk Museums and Archaeology Service
- Monitor the local SLA
- · Recommend proposals to the Joint Committee, e.g. museums development projects
- Agree an area museum strategy within the context of an approved Norfolk Museums and Archaeology Service strategy as far as possible to be consistent with and complementary to all other relevant strategies, e.g. heritage, leisure, tourism, arts, economic development.

Joint Committee and Area Committees Structures

The Joint Committee consists of members from each participating Council: Norfolk County Council appoints 9 members, Norwich City Council appoints 3 members; and the remaining District Councils appoint 1 member each. Each of these appointees is a voting member, and each is a member of their appointing authority. The Joint Committee also has three co-opted non-voting members, one from Arts Council England, one from Museum Friends and one from the Museums in Norfolk Group.

The rules of Norfolk County Council apply to the conduct and proceedings of the Joint Committee. Joint Committee meetings are held in public in accordance with Local Government legislation.

Each Area Committee has a membership of 4 County Councillors and 4 members appointed by the relevant District Council, with power to co-opt up to 5 non-voting members.

The rules of the relevant District Council apply to the conduct and proceedings of the Area Committee. Area Committee meetings are held in public in accordance with Local Government legislation.

Staff

Norfolk County Council employs all the staff working for the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee, and processes all financial transactions through its bank accounts. However, within the

Accounts and Audit Regulations, the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee is a separate statutory body from the County Council and District Councils.

The number of people directly employed by the County Council on behalf of the Joint Committee as at 31 March 2013 was 144 full time equivalents (FTE) (126 at 31 March 2012). In addition to these staff, the County Council also employs a significant number of people on a seasonal or temporary basis. These staff are not included in the FTE figure due to the temporary nature of their contracts.

The increase in staff numbers is primarily due to the creation of a number of posts at Gressenhall Farm and Workhouse and at the Shirehall providing Museum improvements. The posts are part of the Skills for the Future programme providing work-based training in traditional skills and are supported by funding from the Heritage Lottery Fund and Arts Council England funding for Major Partner Museums at the Shirehall.

Further information sources:

The Joint Committee's meetings, reports and minutes can be accessed via Norfolk County Council's website at http://www.norfolk.gov.uk/ under Council and Democracy, and then Committees.



Explanatory Foreword

This report presents the statutory financial statements of Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee for the period from 1 April 2012 to 31 March 2013.

The accounts are prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2012-13 ("the Code") which is based on International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and defines the content and layout of the accounts.

Information within the accounts is presented as simply and clearly as possible. However, due to the technical nature of the accounts, the use of accounting terms is required. A glossary of the meaning of these terms is provided at the end of this document to help the reader's understanding.

The Code is prepared on the basis that the published Statement of Accounts gives interested parties, including members of the public and committee members, clear information about the Joint Committee's finances. Publication of the accounts is an essential feature of public accountability, since the accounts provide the stewardship report on the use of funds raised from the public and business ratepayers.

The Main Accounting Statements

The accounting statements in this section show the results of the Joint Committee and comprise:

- 1. The core financial statements
 - The Movement in Reserves Statement This statement shows the movement in the year on the different reserves held by the Joint Committee. The surplus or deficit on the Provision of Services line shows the true economic cost of providing the Joint Committee's services, more details of which can be found in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. The Net Increase/Decrease before Transfers to Earmarked Reserves line shows the statutory General Fund Balance before any discretionary transfers to or from earmarked reserves undertaken by the Joint Committee.
 - The Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement
 This statement analyses the Joint Committee's day to day operations. It shows the accounting
 cost in the year of providing services in accordance with generally accepted accounting
 practices and measured in terms of the resources consumed and generated.
 - The Balance Sheet
 This statement shows the value of the assets and liabilities recognised by the Joint Committee at 31 March 2013. The net assets of the Joint Committee (assets less liabilities) are matched by the reserves held by the Joint Committee. The Joint Committee's reserves are usable reserves, ie those reserves that the Joint Committee may use to provide services, subject to the need to maintain prudent level of reserves and any statutory limitations on their use.
 - The Cash Flow Statement This shows the changes in cash and cash equivalents of the Joint Committee during the reporting period. The statement shows how the Joint Committee generates and uses cash and cash equivalents by classifying cash flows as operating, investing and financing activities. The amount of net cash flows arising from operating activities is a key indicator of the extent to which the operations of the Joint Committee are funded by way of taxation and grant income or from the recipients of services provided by the Joint Committee. Investing activities represent the extent to which cash outflows have been made for resources which are intended to contribute to the Joint Committee's future service delivery. Cash flows arising from financing activities are useful in predicting claims on future cash flows by providers of capital (ie borrowing) to the Joint Committee.
- 2. Notes to the Accounts

Supporting information on the figures included in each of the Core Statements is shown in the accompanying notes, together with details of the Joint Committee's accounting policies. The accounting policies explain the main principles used in producing the figures in the accounts. Many of the accounting principles are specified by the Code and this ensures that the accounts of local authorities (including Joint Committees) across the country are prepared on a consistent and comparable basis.

3. Glossary of financial terms.

Changes in Accounting Policies

The Committee has reviewed its policy relating to the recognition of costs for the use of assets owned by the constituent Councils. This has resulted in a significant reduction in expenditure recognised through the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and a reduction in the contribution recognised from the County Council. Further details of this change are set out in Note 2 on page 16.

Sources of funding

In 2012-13 Norfolk County Council was the primary source of funding for the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee. The Joint Committee's other income included contributions from some of the District Councils, funding from ear-marked reserves and monies received from external sources, including other public authorities, donations, government grants and charges to users of services.

Pension Contributions

Actual pension contributions in respect of employees delivering the Joint Committee's activities have been charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. The statutory requirements of International Accounting Standard 19 in respect of these staff have been complied with in the accounts of Norfolk County Council. The underlying commitment that Norfolk County Council has in the long term to pay retirement benefits to their employees has been incorporated within its own Statement of Accounts.

Revenue Budget and Outturn

The net revenue budget for the Joint Committee for 2012-13 was £3.444m (£4.719m in 2011-12)

Spending against the cash limited budget has been monitored regularly throughout the year, and reports have been received at each of the Joint Committee's meetings.

The final outturn position for the year against the revised budget is set out in the table below, together with the sources of income from which the Joint Committee's net revenue expenditure was financed.

Service Expenditure includes all costs incurred in providing the services of the Committee; for example - salaries, premises related expenditure and supplies & services.

	Budget £000s	Outturn £000s	Variance £000s
Service Expenditure	7,895	7,999	104
Transfers To Reserves	37	488	451
Gross Expenditure	7,932	8,487	555
Funded by: Contributions Grant Income Other Sources Transfers From Reserves	277 2,456 1,549 206	129 2,283 2,228 403	(148) (173) 679 197
Total Funding	4,488	5,043	555
Net Outturn Position	3,444	3,444	0

Capital Expenditure

The Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee does not own any fixed assets, as Norfolk County Council, the District Councils, or other organisations own all of the assets that the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee uses. As a result the Joint Committee accounts do not include capital expenditure.

As set out in the Joint Museums and Archaeology Agreement 2006, the Committee recognises the revenue maintenance costs of these assets in lieu of a charge for the use of the assets unless otherwise set out in agreements with the District Councils.

Actual capital expenditure on assets used by the Joint Committee in 2012-13 was £479,665 in comparison with the planned expenditure of £733,846, resulting in an underspend of £254,181.

Projects undertaken in 2012-13 included:

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	Bridewell Redevelopment Gressenhall Shop Seahenge Other Small Schemes
479,665	

Further Information

Interested members of the public have a statutory right to inspect the accounts before the audit is completed. This has been advertised in the local press. The Joint Committee complies with the Freedom of Information Act 2005 requirements in responding to gueries from the general public.

Further information about the financial statements and accounts is available from the Head of Finance, P. D. Brittain, Norfolk County Council, County Hall, Martineau Lane, Norwich, NR1 2DW.



Annual Governance Statement for Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee 2012-13

The Joint Committee is required to conduct a review of the effectiveness of its system of internal control at least once a year. This Statement is presented to, and approved by, the Joint Committee. The Statement contains a review of the Committee's governance framework and the effectiveness of the Committee's internal control and risk management systems.

A copy of the Statement is available on the County Council's website at http://www.norfolk.gov.uk/Council and democracy/Council tax and finance/Statement of acc ounts/Joint committees/index.htm



Statement of Responsibilities

The Joint Committee's Responsibilities

The Joint Committee is required:

- to make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that
 one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs. The Joint
 Committee has agreed that this officer is Norfolk County Council's Head of Finance (hereafter
 referred to as the Head of Finance).
- to manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets;
- to approve the Statement of Accounts.

J. Ward

Chairman of Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee

Date: 30 September 2013

The Head of Finance's Responsibilities

The Head of Finance is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts in accordance with proper practices as set out in the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) and Local Authority (Scotland) Accounts Advisory Committee Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom ("the Code").

In preparing this Statement of Accounts, the Head of Finance has:

- selected suitable accounting policies and then applied them consistently;
- made judgements and estimates that were reasonable and prudent;
- complied with the Code.

The Head of Finance has also:

- kept proper accounting records which were up to date;
- taken reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Certificate by the Head of Finance

I certify that the Statement of Accounts presents a true and fair view of the financial position of the Joint Committee at 31 March 2013 and its income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2013.

P. D. Brittain,

Head of Finance

Date: 30 September 2013

Independent Auditors' Report to Members of Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee

[Ernst & Young will provide a report to be included here]



Movement in Reserves Statement

	Note	General Fund £000	Earmarked Reserves £000	Total Usable Reserves £000
Balance at 31 March 2011		0	683	683
Movement in reserves during 2011-12 Surplus or (Deficit) on the provision of services		287	0	287
Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure		287	0	287
Net Increase / (Decrease) before Transfers to Earmarked Reserves		287	0	287
Transfers to / (from) Earmarked Reserves	5	(287)	287	0
Increase / (Decrease) in Year		0	287	287
Balance at 31 March 2012		0	970	970
Movement in reserves during 2012-13 Surplus or (Deficit) on the provision of services		82	0	82
Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure		82	0	82
Net Increase / (Decrease) before Transfers to Earmarked Reserves		82	0	82
Transfers to / (from) Earmarked Reserves	5	(82)	82	0
Increase / (Decrease) in Year		0	82	82
Balance at 31 March 2013		0	1,052	1,052

Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

	2011-12				2012-13	
sooo3 Expenditure	SS OCI Estated £000s	Restated Expenditure		Gross Some Expenditure	s0003	% Net Expenditure
7,855	4,261	3,594	Museums and Archaeology Service	8,220	4,140	4,080
8	0	8	Corporate and Democratic Core	11	0	11
7,863	4,261	3,602	Cost of Services	8,231	4,140	4,091
		(3,889)	Contribution from NCC			(4,173)
		(287)	(Surplus) or Deficit on Provision of Services		_	(82)
		0	Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure			0
.40030		(287)	Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure		_	(82)

Balance Sheet

31 March 2012 £000s		Notes	31 March 2013 £000s
0	Long Term Assets		0
79 1,672 8 1,759	Inventories Short Term Debtors Cash and Cash Equivalents Current Assets	9 7 10 -	105 1,922 7 2,034
(789) (789)	Short Term Creditors Current Liabilities	8 _	(982) (982)
0	Long Term Liabilities		0
970	Net Assets		1,052
970	Useable Reserves	5	1,052
970	Total Reserves		1,052

Cash Flow Statement

2011-12		Notes	2012-13
£000s			£000s
(287)	Net (surplus) or deficit on the Provision of Services		(82)
288	Adjustments to net surplus or deficit on the provision of services for non-cash movements		83
1	Net (increase) or decrease in cash and cash equivalents	. -	1
,		-	,
(9)	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	10	(8)
(8)	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	10	(7)

Notes to the Accounts

1 Accounting Policies

i. General Principles

The Statement of Accounts summarises the Joint Committee's transactions for the 2012-13 financial year and its position at the year-end of 31 March 2013. The Joint Committee is required to prepare an annual Statement of Accounts by the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2011, in accordance with proper accounting practices. These practices primarily comprise the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2012-13 ("the Code") and the Service Reporting Code of Practice (SeRCOP), supported by International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and statutory guidance issued under Local Government Act 2003.

The accounting convention adopted in the Statement of Accounts is principally historical cost, modified by the revaluation of certain categories of non-current assets and financial instruments.

Accounting Principles

Relevance

The objective of financial statements is to provide information about a Joint Committee's financial performance and position that is useful for assessing the stewardship of public funds and for making economic decisions.

Reliability

Financial information is reliable if it can be depended on to represent faithfully what it either purports to represent or what it can be reasonably expected to represent and is free from deliberate, systematic or material error.

Comparability

The information in the accounts is more useful if it can be compared with information for some other period or point in time. This depends upon consistency in the application of the accounting policies, unless it can be shown that a new policy would introduce improved accounting practices.

Understandability

The accounting principles on which the Code is based include accounting concepts, treatments and terminology which require reasonable knowledge of accounting and local government, and reasonable diligence in reading the financial statements if they are to be properly understood. However all reasonable efforts have been taken in the preparation of the financial statements to ensure they are as easy to understand as possible.

Materiality

Strict compliance with the Code, both as to disclosure and accounting principles, is not necessary where the amounts involved are not material to the fair presentation of the financial position and transactions of the Joint Committee and to the understanding of the Statement of Accounts by a reader.

Accruals

This requires the non-cash effects of transactions (debtors and creditors) to be reflected in the financial statements for the accounting period in which those effects are experienced and not in the period in which any cash is received or paid.

Going Concern

A Joint Committee's Statement of Accounts should be prepared on a going concern basis, that is, the accounts should be prepared on the assumption that the Joint Committee will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. This means in particular that the income and expenditure accounts and balance sheet assume no intention to curtail significantly the scale of the operation.

ii. Accruals of Income and Expenditure

Activity is accounted for in the year that it takes place, not simply when cash payments are made or received. In particular:

- Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the Joint Committee transfers the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the purchaser and it is probable that economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Joint Committee.
- Revenue from the provision of services is recognised when the Joint Committee can
 measure reliably the percentage of completion of the transaction and it is probable that
 economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Joint
 Committee.
- Supplies are recorded as expenditure when they are consumed where there is a gap between the date supplies are received and their consumption, they are carried as Inventories on the Balance Sheet.
- Expenses in relation to services received (including services provided by employees) are recorded as expenditure when the services are received rather than when payments are made.
- Where income and expenditure have been recognised but cash has not been received or paid, a debtor or creditor for the relevant amount is recorded in the Balance Sheet. Where debts may not be settled, the balance of debtors is written down and a charge made to revenue for the income that might not be collected.

iii. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

In the Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Joint Committee's cash management.

iv. Exceptional Items

When items of income and expense are material, their nature and amount is disclosed separately, either on the face of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement or in the notes to the accounts, depending on how significant the items are to an understanding of the Joint Committee's financial performance.

v. Prior period adjustments, changes in accounting policies and estimates and errors

Prior period adjustments may arise as a result of a change in accounting policies or to correct a material error. Changes in accounting estimates are accounted for prospectively, ie in the current and future years affected by the change and do not give rise to a prior period adjustment.

Changes in accounting policies are only made when required by proper accounting practices or the change provides more reliable or relevant information about the effect of transactions, other events and conditions on the Joint Committee's financial position or financial performance. Where a change is made, it is applied retrospectively (unless stated otherwise) by adjusting opening balances and comparative amounts for the prior period as if the new policy had always been applied.

Material errors discovered in prior period figures are corrected retrospectively by amending opening balances and comparative amounts for the prior period.

vi. Employee Benefits

Benefits Payable During Employment

Short-term employee benefits are those due to be settled within 12 months of the year-end. They include such benefits as wages and salaries, paid annual leave and paid sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits (eg cars) for current employees and are recognised as an expense for services in the year in which employees render service to the Joint Committee.

The Joint Committee does not directly employ staff, but the expenditure costs in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Account will include any material accruals for staff charged to the Joint Committee.

Termination Benefits

Termination benefits are amounts payable as a result of a decision by the Joint Committee to terminate an officer's employment before the normal retirement date or an officer's decision to accept voluntary redundancy and are charged on an accruals basis to the appropriate line in the

Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement when the Joint Committee is demonstrably committed to the termination of the employment of an officer or group of officers or making an offer to encourage voluntary redundancy.

vii. Events After the Balance Sheet Date

Events after the Balance Sheet date are those events, both favourable and unfavourable, that occur between the end of the reporting period and the date when the Statement of Accounts is authorised for issue. Two types of events can be identified:

- those that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period the
 Statement of Accounts is adjusted to reflect such events
- those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting period the Statement of Accounts is not adjusted to reflect such events, but where a category of events would have a material effect, disclosure is made in the notes of the nature of the events and their estimated financial effect.

Events taking place after the date of authorisation for issue are not reflected in the Statement of Accounts.

viii. Financial Instruments

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the Balance Sheet when the Joint Committee becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument and are measured at fair value - this is deemed to be the invoiced or billed amount. The Joint Committee does not have any long term financial liabilities.

Financial Assets

Financial assets recognised by the Joint Committee consist solely of receivables – assets that have fixed or determinable payments but are not quoted in an active market. These are measured at fair value which is deemed to be the invoiced or billed amount.

Loans and Receivables

Receivables are recognised on the Balance Sheet when the Joint Committee becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument and are initially measured at fair value – this is deemed to be the invoiced or billed amount. The Joint Committee is not party to any loans.

ix. Government Grants and Contributions

Whether paid on account, by instalments or in arrears, government grants and third party contributions and donations are recognised as due to the Joint Committee when there is reasonable assurance that:

- o the Joint Committee will comply with the conditions attached to the payments, and
- the grants or contributions will be received.

Amounts recognised as due to the Joint Committee are not credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement until conditions attached to the grant or contribution have been satisfied. Conditions are stipulations that specify that the future economic benefits or service potential embodied in the asset acquired using the grant or contribution are required to be consumed by the recipient as specified, or future economic benefits or service potential must be returned to the transferor.

Monies advanced as grants and contributions for which conditions have not been satisfied are carried in the Balance Sheet as creditors. When conditions are satisfied, the grant or contribution is credited to the Gross Income line in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

x. Inventories

Inventories are included in the Balance Sheet at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is assigned using the weighted average costing formula.

xi. Overheads and support services

The costs of overheads and support services are charged to those that benefit from the supply or service in accordance with the costing principles of the CIPFA Service Reporting Code of

Practice (SeRCOP). The total absorption costing principle is used – the full cost of overheads and support services are shared between users in proportion to the benefits received, with the exception of:

 Corporate and Democratic Core – costs relating to the Joint Committee's status as a multifunctional, democratic organisation.

This cost category is defined in SeRCOP and accounted for as separate headings in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, as part of Cost of Services.

xii. Reserves

The Joint Committee sets aside specific amounts as reserves for future policy purposes or to cover contingencies. Reserves are created by appropriating amounts out of the General Fund Balance in the Movement in Reserves Statement. When expenditure to be financed from a reserve is incurred, it is charged to the appropriate service in that year to score against the Surplus or Deficit on the Provision of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

xiii. Property, Plant and Equipment

The Committee is given the rights to use assets owned by the constituent members, including Museums premises and collections, under the Joint Museums and Archaeology Agreement ("the Agreement"), which sets out the operation of the Committee.

The Agreement states that the ownership of these assets remains with the Councils. Therefore, the Committee does not recognise these assets in its Balance Sheet and is not subject to charges for their depreciation and impairment.

The Committee recognises revenue maintenance costs for the assets and rental costs, where agreed through a lease with the owner, in its Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. This is consistent with the Agreement underpinning the relationship between the Committee and its constituent bodies. The Committee recognises no other costs in relation to the use of these assets.

xiv. VAT

VAT payable is included as an expense only to the extent that it is not recoverable from Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs. VAT receivable is excluded from income.

2 Critical Judgements in Applying Accounting Policies

In applying the accounting policies set out in Note 1, the Joint Committee has had to make certain judgements about complex transactions or those involving uncertainty about future events.

The critical judgements made in the Statement of Accounts are:

There is a high degree of uncertainty about future levels of funding for local government.
 However, the Joint Committee has determined that this uncertainty is not yet sufficient to
 provide an indication that the assets of the Joint Committee might be impaired as a result of a
 need to close facilities and reduce levels of service provision.

Change in Accounting Policy for Use of Assets

The Committee reviewed its policy relating to the recognition of costs for the use of assets owned by the constituent Councils. These assets are not recognised in the Balance Sheet of the Committee's accounts as the Joint Museums and Archaeology Agreement 2006, which underpins the Joint Committee, states that these assets continue to be owned by the Councils and not by the Committee.

Costs associated with these assets in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement have previously reflected all the costs borne by the County Council as a proxy for the cost of their use. This has resulted in the inclusion of depreciation and impairment for the County Council's assets and REFCUS charges for the District Council assets. The costs included have been offset by a notional balancing contribution from the County Council.

However, the inclusion of these costs is inconsistent with the Committee having no assets on its Balance Sheet. It is also inconsistent with the terms of the Joint Museums and Archaeology Agreement which only requires the Committee to bear the costs of revenue maintenance of the assets.

Furthermore, these costs can vary significantly from year to year and, without the context of recognising the assets to which these charges relate, this leads to the statements of the Committee being incomparable and diminishes their value to the reader.

With this in mind, the Committee no longer recognises capital charges and REFCUS as a nominal cost for the use of assets but only recognises the revenue maintenance costs and rental costs where there are agreements in place for the payment of an annual charge. This is consistent with the agreement between the parties of the Committee and better reflects the actual costs which are borne by the Committee.

The effects of this change are to reduce the overall Net Cost of Services reported in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. This reduction is offset by a reduction in the notional contribution recognised from the County Council such that there is no effect on the Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure.

This change has been applied retrospectively to the accounts. The changes to the comparative figures for 2011-12 are set out below. A Balance Sheet for the opening position of the earliest comparative period has not been included as there is no effect on the Committee's Balance Sheet.

Effect on Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement 2011-12

	Net Expenditure reported in the 2011-12 Accounts	Net Expenditure 2011-12 (Revised)	Adjustment Made
	£000s	£000s	£000s
Museums and Archaeology Service	4,897	3,594	(1,303)
Corporate and Democratic Core	8	8	0
Cost of Services	4,905	3,602	(1,303)
Contribution from NCC	(5,192)	(3,889)	1,303

3 Assumptions made about the future and other major sources of estimation uncertainty

The Statement of Accounts contains some estimated figures that are based on assumptions made by the Joint Committee about the future or that are otherwise uncertain. None of these estimates are material to the accounts.

4 Events After the Balance Sheet Date

The Statement of Accounts was authorised for issue by the Head of Finance on 28 June 2013. Events taking place after this date are not reflected in the financial statements or notes. Where events taking place before this date provided information about conditions existing at 31 March 2013, the figures in the financial statements and notes have been adjusted in all material respects to reflect the impact of this information.

5 Transfers to/from earmarked reserves

This note sets out the amounts set aside from the General Fund balances in earmarked reserves to provide financing for future expenditure plans and the amounts posted back from earmarked reserves to meet General Fund and expenditure in 2012-13.

	Balance	Transfers	Transfers	Balance	Transfers	Transfers	Balance
	at 31	In	Out	at 31	In	Out	at 31
	March	2011-12	2011-12	March	2012-13	2012-13	March
	2011			2012			2013
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Information	9	0	(9)	0	0	0	0
Technology							
Museums	79	0	0	79	0	0	79
Income				N			
Reserve							
Repairs and	209	139	(11)	337	99	(96)	340
Renewals Fund			, ,				
Unspent Grants	386	528	(360)	554	455	(376)	633
and						, ()	
Contributions							
Reserve							
TOTAL	683	667	(380)	970	554	(472)	1,052

Details of earmarked reserves:

Information Technology

This reserve contains monies set aside for specific IT projects.

Museums Income Reserve

This reserve is to assist with the budget management of fluctuations in income from visitors due to unpredictable seasonal variations. In years of unfavourable weather conditions, visitor numbers can decrease which would result in a service overspend.

Repairs and Renewals Reserve

This reserve is to fund the maintenance and development of collections and premises.

Unspent Grants and Contributions Reserve

This reserve contains the balances on the Joint Committee's unconditional grants and contributions.

6 Financial Instruments

The following categories of financial instruments are carried in the Balance Sheet:

	31 March 2012 £000s	31 March 2013 £000s
Debtors		
Loans and receivables	1,672	1,922
Total Debtors	1,672	1,922
Creditors		
Financial liabilities carried at contract amounts	789	982
Total Creditors	789	982

The fair value of short term debtors and creditors is taken to be the invoiced or billed amount.

7 Debtors

	31 March 2012 £000s	31 March 2013 £000s
Central government bodies	558	175
Other local authorities	207	62
Prepayments	4	26
Other entities and individuals	31	30
Cash debtor adjustment	872	1,629
Less: Bad debt provision	0	0
Total	1,672	1,922

8 Creditors

	31 March 2012 £000s	31 March 2013 £000s
Central government bodies	23	79
Other local authorities	26	0
Receipts in advance	53	85
Public corporations and trading funds	17	0
Other entities and individuals	670	818
Total	789	982

9 Inventories

	Consumable Si	Stores	
	2011-12 £000s	2012-13 £000s	
Balance outstanding at start of year	101	79	
Purchased	252	346	
Recognised as an expense in year	(277)	(316)	
Written off balances	(2)	(4)	
Reversals of write offs in previous years	5	0	
Balance outstanding at year end	79	105	

10 Cash and Cash Equivalents

The balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents is made up of cash held in imprest accounts by the Joint Committee. The Committee does not operate any bank accounts.

31 March 2012 £000s		31 March 2013 £000s
8	Cash held by the Joint Committee	7
8	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	7

11 Heritage Assets

The Joint Committee is required to disclose any Heritage Assets which it holds. Although the Joint Committee is given use of assets which are held by Norfolk County Council, District Councils within Norfolk and other third parties, it does not recognise any long term assets of its own.

Detailed below are the premises at which the main collections of Heritage Assets are housed and the owners of those collections in accordance with the 2006 Joint Museums & Archaeology Agreement. Details of these collections may be obtained from the financial statements of the relevant parties.

Premises At Which Collections Are	
Housed	Collection Ownership
Gressenhall Farm & Workhouse	Norfolk County Council
Norwich Castle Museum	Trustees of the Royal Norfolk Regimental
	Museum
Norwich Castle Museum	Norwich City Council
Norwich Castle Study Centre	
Bridewell Museum	
Strangers' Hall	
Elizabethan House	Great Yarmouth Borough Council
Tolhouse	
Time & Tide	
Lynn Museum	Borough Council of Kings Lynn & West
Aickman's Yard Store	Norfolk
Cromer Museum	North Norfolk District Council
Ancient House Museum	Breckland Council

Following the closure of the Royal Norfolk Regimental Museum displays at the Shirehall, the collections belonging to the Trustees of the Royal Norfolk Regimental Museum are being temporarily housed at the Norwich Castle Museum pending the completion of a permanent display in August 2013.

Further to the above, there are a number of collections which have been lent to the Museums Service by other third parties who are not subject to the Joint Museums and Archaeology Agreement.

12 Amounts reported for resource allocation decisions

The analysis of income and expenditure by service on the face of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement is that specified by the *Service Reporting Code of Practice*. However, decisions about resource allocation are taken by the Joint Committee on the basis of budget reports analysed across the Museums and Archaeology Service. These reports are prepared on a different basis from the accounting policies used in the financial statements. In particular:

- capital charges relating to assets that the Committee uses are included in the reports provided to the Committee. However, these charges are removed from the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, in accordance with the policy on Property, Plant and Equipment.
- expenditure on some support services is budgeted for within the County Council accounts and not charged to the Museums and Archaeology Service.

The income and expenditure of the Joint Committee recorded in the budget reports for the year is as follows:

Income and Expenditure Analysis	2011-12 £000s	2012-13 £000s
Fees, charges and other service income	(3,112)	(2,884)
Government grants	(1,574)	(2,159)
Total Income	(4,686)	(5,043)

Employee expenses	3,997	4,102
Other support expenses	5,408	4,384
Support service recharges	0	0
Total Expenditure	9,405	8,486
Net Expenditure	4,719	3,443

Reconciliation of Income and Expenditure Analysis to Cost of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

This reconciliation shows how the figures in the analysis of income and expenditure relate to the amounts included in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

	2011-12 £000s	2012-13 £000s
Net expenditure reported to committee	4,719	3,443
Net expenditure of support services not included in the analysis	502	470
Amounts in the comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement not reported to management in the analysis	32	7
Amounts in the analysis not included in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement	(1,651)	171
Cost of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement	3,602	4,091

Reconciliation to Subjective Analysis

This reconciliation shows how the figures in the analysis of income and expenditure relate to a subjective analysis of the Surplus or Deficit on the provision of Services included in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

2012-13

	Reported to The Joint Committee	Support Service Recharge	Amounts Not Included In I&E	Amounts Not Reported To Management	Total
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Fees charges & other service income	(2,884)	0	900	3	(1,981)
Government Grants	(2,159)	0	0	0	(2,159)
Total Income	(5,043)	0	900	3	(4,140)
Employee expenses	4,102	0	0	11	4,113
Other service expenses	4,384	0	(621)	(7)	3,756
Support service recharges	0	470	0	0	470
Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	0	0	(108)	0	(108)
Total Expenditure	8,486	470	(729)	4	8,231
Net Expenditure	3,443	470	171	7	4,091
NCC Contribution	0	0	0	(4,173)	(4,173)
Surplus or Deficit on the Provision of Services	3,443	470	171	(4,166)	(82)

2011-12 (Restated)

	Reported to The Joint Committee	Support Service Recharge	Amounts Not Included In I&E	Amounts Not Reported To Management	Total
	£000s	2000s	£000s	20003	2000s
Fees charges & other service income	(3,112)	0	428	(2)	(2,686)
Government Grants	(1,574)	0	0	0	(1,574)
Total Income	(4,686)	0	428	(2)	(4,260)
Employee expenses	3,997	0	0	35	4,032
Other service expenses	5,408	0	(843)	(1)	4,564
Support service recharges	0	502	0	0	502
Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	0	0	(1,236)	0	(1,236)
Total Expenditure	9,405	502	(2,079)	34	7,862
Net Expenditure	4,719	502	(1,651)	32	3,602
NCC Contribution	0	0	0	(3,889)	(3,889)
Surplus or Deficit on the Provision of Services	4,719	502	(1,651)	(3,857)	(287)

13 Members' Allowances

Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee does not pay members' allowances. The Chairman of Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee is entitled to a Special Responsibility Allowance, which is paid by Norfolk County Council.

14 Officers' Remuneration

The remuneration paid to the Norfolk Museums and Archaeology Service senior employees is as follows:

Position Postholder	Head of Norfolk Museums & Archaeology Service Vanessa Trevelyan		
	2011-12 £s	2012-13 £s	
Salary	74,223	75,439	
Total Remuneration (excluding Pension Contributions)	74,223	75,439	
Pension Contributions	10,417	10,417	
Total Remuneration (including Pension Contributions)	84,640	85,856	

There are no other employees earning £50,000 or more.

The number of exit packages with total cost per band and total cost of the compulsory and other redundancies are set out in the table below.

Exit Package cost band	Number o Compulso Redundar	ry	Number of Agreed D		Total numb packages b band		Total cost packages band	IOSEOSIO).
	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13
					N. T.		£000s	£000s
£0 – £20,000	4	0	4	0	8	0	29	0
Total	4	0	4	0	8	0	29	0

The above note has been prepared on the basis of exit packages paid during 2011-12. The Code requires the disclosure of exit packages agreed rather than paid.

15 External Audit Costs

The Joint Committee has incurred the following costs in relation to the audit of the Statement of Accounts:

	2011-12 £000s	2012-13 £000s
Fees payable to external auditors with regard to external audit services carried out by the appointed auditor for the year	17	10
Total	17	10

The Joint Committee incurred no costs in relation to certification of grant claims, statutory inspections and to non audit services provided by the Joint Committee's external auditors.

16 Grant Income

The Joint Committee credited the following grants, contributions and donations to the Cost of Service within the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement:

	2011-12 £000s	2012-13 £000s
Grant Income:		
MLA Council Grant	1,719	0
Heritage Lottery Fund	167	284
Arts Council England	0	1,811
Colchester Borough Council	11	0
Improvement East	60	0
Medway Council	25	25
Tyne & Wear Museums	229	0
Department for Culture, Media & Sport	0	64
Esme Fairbairn Foundation	0	71
Other Small Grants	57	28
Total Grant Income	2,268	2,283
Contributions:		
Great Yarmouth Borough Council	43	42
Borough Council of King's Lynn and West Norfolk	38	31
North Norfolk District Council	46	40
Norwich City Council	14	14
National Art Collections Fund	70	0
National Heritage Memorial Fund	93	0
National Trust	0	18
Costumes and Textiles Association	0	10
Other Small Contributions	130	22
Total Contribution Income	434	177
Total Grant and Contribution Income	2,702	2,460

17 Related Parties

The Joint Committee is required to disclose material transactions with related parties – bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence the Joint Committee or to be controlled or influenced by the Joint Committee. Disclosure of these transactions allows readers to assess the extent to which the Joint Committee might have been constrained in its ability to operate independently or might have secured the ability to limit another party's ability to bargain freely with the Joint Committee.

Central Government

Central government has effective control over the general operations of the Joint Committee – it is responsible for providing the statutory framework within which the Joint Committee operates, provides the majority of its funding in the form of grants and prescribes the terms of many of the transactions that the Joint Committee has with other parties. Grants received from government departments are set out in the subjective analysis in Note 12 on reporting for resources allocation decisions.

Other Public Bodies

The Joint Committee is comprised of a number of constituent Authorities as set out in the Overview. The material transactions between the Committee and the constituent Authorities are set out within the Accounts and the Explanatory Foreword.

Members

Members of the Joint Committee have direct control over the Joint Committee's financial and operating policies. During 2012-13, there were no related party transactions in relation to Members.

Officers

During 2012-13, there were no related party transactions in relation to Officers.

18 Defined Benefits Pension Schemes

Staff employed by Norfolk County Council in undertaking the Joint Committee's activities can participate in the Local Government Pension Scheme, a defined benefit statutory scheme, administered by Norfolk County Council. This is a funded scheme, meaning that the Councils and staff pay contributions into a fund, calculated at a level intended to balance the pension liabilities with investment assets.

The Fund's Actuary based on triennial actuarial valuations determines employer's contribution rates. The review carried out by the Fund's Actuary at 31 March 2010 applies to the financial years 2011-12 to 2013-14. Under Pension Fund Regulations contribution rates are set to meet the overall liabilities of the Fund.

In 2012-13, Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee's expenditure includes employer's contributions, including unfunded benefits, of £400,689, representing 15.5% of employees' pensionable pay. This has been paid into the Norfolk Pension Fund. (In 2011-12, this was £454,504, representing 15.5% of pensionable pay)

19 Nature and Extent of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments

The Joint Committee's activities expose it to financial risks.

The key risks are:

<u>Credit risk</u> – the possibility that other parties might fail to pay amounts due to the Committee.

<u>Liquidity risk</u> – the possibility that the Committee might not have funds available to meet its commitments to make payments. This risk is borne by the County Council per the financial arrangements set out in section 8 of the 2006 Joint Museums and Archaeology Agreement.

These risks are mitigated by the Joint Committee following Norfolk County Council's risk management procedures. The procedures for risk management are set out through a legal framework set out in the Local Government Act 2003 and associated regulations. These require the County Council (and therefore the Joint Committee) to comply with the CIPFA Prudential Code, the CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management in the Public Services and Investment Guidance issued through the Act.



Glossary of Terms

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basis on which an organisation's financial statements are prepared, to ensure that the statements present a 'true and fair view' of the financial position and transactions of that organisation.

ACCRUAL ACCOUNTING

The inclusion of income and expenditure in the accounts for the period in which it is earned or incurred rather than the period in which the cash is received or bills paid.

ASSET

An item owned by Joint Committee or that they have use of to support their activities which has a value; for example cash.

BUDGET

The statement of Joint Committee expressed in financial terms usually for the current forthcoming financial year. The Revenue Budget covers running expenses (see revenue expenditure), and the Capital Budget plans for asset acquisitions and replacements (see capital expenditure).

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Expenditure on the acquisition of a long term asset, which lasts normally for more than one year or expenditure which adds to the life or value of an existing fixed asset.

CASH EQUIVALENTS

These are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risks of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investment purposes.

CIPFA

The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) is the professional accountancy institute that sets the standards for the public sector. CIPFA publishes the Accounting Codes of Practice for local government.

CORPORATE & DEMOCRATIC CORE (CDC)

Corporate and Democratic Core represents costs associated with democratic representation and management and corporate management. Democratic representation and management includes all aspects of Members' activities. Corporate management concerns the cost of the infrastructure that allows services to be provided and the cost of providing information that is required for public accountability. Such costs form part of total service expenditure, but are excluded from the costs of any particular service.

CREDITORS

Amounts owed by Joint Committee for goods and services provided for which payment has not been made at the end of the financial year.

DEBTORS

Sums of money due to Joint Committee but not received at the end of the financial year.

DEFICIT

Arises when expenditure exceeds income or when expenditure exceeds available budget.

DEPRECIATION

The measure of the wearing out, consumption, or other reduction in the useful economic life of fixed asset.

FINANCIAL ASSET

A right to future economic benefits.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

Any contract that gives rise to a financial asset in one organisation and a financial liability in another.

FINANCIAL LIABILITY

An obligation to transfer economic benefits.

HERITAGE ASSET

An asset with historical, artistic, scientific, technological, geophysical or environmental qualities that is held and maintained principally for its contribution to knowledge and culture.

IFRS

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS's) are set by the International Accounting Standards Board. The Joint Committee accounts are prepared in accordance with these standards.

IMPAIRMENT

Impairment of an asset is caused either by consumption of economic benefits or a deterioration in the quality of the service provided by the asset or by a general fall in prices of that particular asset or type of asset.

LIABILITY

An obligation to transfer economic benefits.

LONG TERM ASSETS

Assets that yield benefits to the Joint Committee and the services it provides for a period of more than one year.

OUTTURN

The actual amount spent in the financial year.

REFCUS (REVENUE EXPENDITURE FUNDED FROM CAPITAL UNDER STATUTE)

Capital expenditure, which does not create a tangible asset, e.g. improvement, grants or expenditure on an asset not owned by the County Council, e.g. leased properties. Previously referred to as Deferred Charges.

RESERVES

A reserve is an amount set aside for a specific purpose in one financial year and carried forward to meet expenditure in future years.

REVENUE EXPENDITURE AND INCOME

Day to day expenses: salaries, wages, general running expenses, charges for goods and services.

SERCOP

Provides guidance to local authorities on financial reporting to stakeholders. It establishes 'proper accounting practice' with regard to consistent financial reporting, which allows direct comparisons of financial information to be made with other local authorities.

SURPLUS

Arises when income exceeds expenditure or when expenditure is less than available budget.

THE CODE

The Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2012-13: Based on International Financial Reporting Standards aims to achieve consistent financial reporting between all English local authorities. It is based in generally accepted accounting standards and practices.

VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)

A tax on consumer expenditure, collected on business transactions at each stage in the supply, but is ultimately borne by the final customer.

VARIATION

The difference between budgeted expenditure and actual outturn, also referred to as an over or under spend

Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee Annual Governance Statement 2012-13

1 Scope of responsibility

- 1.1 The Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee (NJMAC) is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and is used economically, efficiently and effectively. The NJMAC also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness. In discharging this overall responsibility, the NJMAC is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs, facilitating the effective exercise of its functions, including the arrangements for the management of risk.
- 1.2 The County Council's Historic Environment Service advises the NJMAC upon archaeological matters as they relate to the museums service following the transfer of archaeological services to the Department of Environment, Transport and Development.
- 1.3 The NJMAC follows Norfolk County Council's Constitution and relies on its governance, practices and procedures.
- 1.4 The NJMAC has adopted the County Council's Code of Corporate governance, which is consistent with the principles of the CIPFA/SOLACE Framework *Delivering Good Governance in Local Government* including the addendum issued in 2012. A copy of the code is on our website at www.norfolk.gov.uk or can be obtained from Mr. P D Brittain, Head of Finance, NCC, County Hall, Martineau Lane, NR1 2DW.
- 1.5 For best practice, the Committee should consider what assurances it requires from the statement and consider if that assurance has been fulfilled. It has been the practice to adopt the framework issued by Cipfa/Solace. This statement explains how the Committee has complied with the code and also meets the requirements of regulation 4 of the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2011.

2 The purpose of the governance framework

2.1 The governance framework comprises the systems and processes, and culture and values by which the Committee is directed and controlled, and its activities through which it accounts to, engages with and leads the community. It enables the Committee to monitor the achievement of

- its strategic objectives and to consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate, cost effective services.
- 2.2 The system of internal control is a significant part of that framework and is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives, and can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Committee's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.
- 2.3 The governance framework has been in place at NJMAC for the year ended 31 March 2013 and up to the date of approval of this Statement.

The key elements of the systems and processes that comprise the Committee's governance arrangements, include arrangements for:			
Identifying and communicating the Committee's vision of its purpose and intended outcomes for citizens and service users.	The Norfolk Museums and Archaeological Service (NMAS) presented its Service Plan 2012-15 to the Committee in April 2012 and this was approved by the Committee at the same meeting. The development strategy was presented at the same Committee meeting. This can be found on the Council's website at Committee papers webpage.		
Reviewing the committee's vision and its implications for the committee's governance arrangements.	Medium term plans of the County Council, including those for this service, are reviewed annually. Agendas and minutes for all County Council meetings, including the NJMAC, are accessible on the County Council's website. http://www.norfolk.gov.uk/Council and democracy/Committees/index.htm The Committee considers its governance arrangements, set out in this statement, are sufficient to fully meet its vision.		
Translating the vision into objectives for the committee and its partnerships.	The Service Plan approved by the Committee included the overarching goals and guiding principles, but also a detailed set of operational objectives for the next three years. Each objective was cross referenced back to NMAS Goals for the next three years and the County Council Strategic Ambitions.		

 Measuring the quality of services for users, for ensuring they are delivered in accordance with the committee's objectives and for ensuring that they represent the best use of resources and value for money. In order to measure the quality of services we provide in trying to achieve our objectives, the Committee adopts relevant County Council performance indicators.

Each objective in the Service Plan has been further broken down into tasks, with associated timescales and performance measures. Performance against these are monitored by the management team, in line with the County Council corporate performance management framework.

Current year performance for the service is published on the County Council's website.

Performance indicators are monitored and reported to the Community Services Overview & Scrutiny Panel quarterly.

NMAS has delivered its scheduled £145k efficiency savings in 2012-13 (as part of County Council budget savings).

 Defining and documenting the roles and responsibilities of the executive, non-executive, scrutiny and officer functions, with clear delegation arrangements and protocols for effective communication in respect of the committee and partnership arrangements. The Chief Officers of the NMAS have the same powers of management that are given to all Chief Officers of the County Council.

The NJMAC follows the County Council's Constitution, which sets out how the service operates, how decisions are made and the procedures which are followed to ensure that these are efficient, transparent and accountable to local people. The law requires us to have some of these processes, whilst others are a matter for the County Council to choose.

 Developing, communicating and embedding codes of conduct, defining the standards of behaviour for members and staff. The NJMAC follows the County Council's Constitution, which includes a Code of Conduct for members including this Committee. Our Corporate Human Resources (HR) department produces a HR Practices Manual in which there is also a Standards of Conduct and Behaviour Policy for staff.

http://www.peoplenet.norfolk.gov.uk/view/NCC069208

The NJMAC also adheres to the Museums Association's Code of Ethics (see www.museumsassociation.org)

The County Council has an Anti Fraud and Corruption Strategy which includes roles of members and staff. The NJMAC adopts this strategy.

http://www.norfolk.gov.uk/view/ncc102043

 Reviewing the effectiveness of the committee's decision-making framework, including delegation arrangements, decision making in partnerships and robustness of data quality. A review of Museum Services was lead by a Cabinet working group and reviewed governance and management arrangements for the service. Its conclusions and recommendations were presented to the NJMAC at the 15 February 2013 meeting. The Joint Committee unanimously agreed to note the recommendations contained in the Review.

All the NMAS museums are accredited as part of Arts Council England's UK Museum Accreditation Scheme. This involves a full assessment of all matters relating to museum governance, organisation, management, operations and customer service. Accreditation is renewed approximately every 5 years and position reports are required every 2 years.

Accreditation was confirmed in 2010 following the last position statement. Under the scheduled programme of Accreditation renewals, Accreditation was renewed for Cromer, Ancient House Museum and Lynn Museum in 2012. Other NMAS sites will be reviewed during the period 2013-14.

The Committee received an update on NMAS documentation policy in June 2012, with aims to be compliant with the above UK Museums Accreditation scheme.

 Reviewing the effectiveness of the framework for identifying and managing risks and demonstrating clear accountability. The NJMAC identifies and manages risk and is accountable for the service. The County Council's Audit Committee's Terms of Reference set out its duties with respect to the governance arrangements for risk management within the Council, including this Committee. The Committee receives quarterly reports with respect to risk

	management, including regular reports and reviews of the corporate risk register. The NJMAC follows the County Council's Risk Management Framework and Policy which are reviewed annually by the Audit Committee and significant changes are reported to and approved by the Council. Risk Management for Museums falls under this framework. The Acting Head of Museums regularly reports with respect to Risk Management within Integrated Performance, Finance and Risk reports including the service risk register and in conjunction with the County Council Strategic Risk Manager. Agendas and minutes for all public County Council meetings, including Cabinet, are accessible on the Council's website.
Ensuring effective counter-fraud and anti-corruption arrangements are developed and maintained.	The Council has an Anti Fraud and Corruption Strategy which includes roles of members and staff. The NJMAC adopt this strategy. http://www.norfolk.gov.uk/view/ncc102043
Ensuring effective management of change and transformation.	As part of the County Council, the NJMAC are part of the County Council's Transformation Programme (Norfolk Forward) portfolio, overseen by the Chief Officer Group. The Programme encompasses change to transform the way we work and to deliver the budget savings that were agreed by Council in February 2011 and 2012. A new programme of work will be derived from the current comprehensive review, which will encompass the programme of change for the period 2014-17. The Corporate Programme Office supports Chief Officers, programme managers and project managers in delivering good governance at all levels within the Transformation Programme. "Managing Change" is one of the four themes of the Performance Management Framework. Local Performance Indicators have been established and targets agreed, which are both reported monthly to Cabinet.
Reviewing and updating standing orders, standing financial instructions, a scheme of	NMAS follows The County Council's Financial Procedures and Financial Regulations which can be found on the

delegation and supporting procedure notes/manuals, which clearly define how decisions are taken and the processes and controls required to manage risks.

website.

http://intranet.norfolk.gov.uk/dfi/regs.htm

The County Council produces both Financial Regulations and Financial Procedures. The Financial Regulations form part of the Constitution and are required to be reviewed annually to ensure they incorporate the current practises. Corporate Finance is responsible for updating the Financial Regulations and the accompanying Financial Procedures. Changes to the Financial Regulations are considered by both the Audit Committee and Cabinet prior to approval by the County Council on an annual basis.

Agendas and minutes for all County Council meetings, including the NJMAC, are accessible on the County Council's website. http://www.norfolk.gov.uk/Council and democracy/Committees/index.htm

 Ensuring the committee's financial management arrangements conform with the governance requirements of the CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government (2010) and, where they do not, explain why and how they deliver the same impact. The County Council's Chief Financial Officer (CFO) is the Head of Finance who also acts as the CFO for the NJMAC.

The Annual Governance Statement for County Council, available on the website, sets out in detail how the CFO fulfils the requirements of the CIPFA statement.

Ensuring the committee's
 assurance arrangements
 conform with the governance
 requirements of the CIPFA
 Statement on the Role of the
 Head of Internal Audit (2010)
 and, where they do not, explain
 why and how they deliver the
 same impact.

The NJMAC is included in the work programme of the County Council's Internal Audit service. The Chief Internal Auditor conducted his own self assessment following the publication of the CIPFA Statement on the Role of Internal Audit (2010) and concluded that the governance arrangements, the role and the personal attributes of the Chief Internal Auditor are compliant with all five principles as set out in the Statement.

The Chief Internal Auditor receives all papers addressed to the Chief Officer Group and has a right to attend their meeting, on a need basis.

The Internal Audit Plan, which includes

	audits that will impact directly or indirectly on the NJMAC, as agreed annually with the Audit Committee, fully supports the Chief Internal Auditor in delivering his duties in compliance with the statement, both in terms of the coverage provided through audit work and through time being allocated to ad hoc advice and support to Chief Officers. Plans are in place for a more in-depth review to be undertaken by a contractor of Norfolk Audit Services compliance with the above statement as well as compliance with the new industry standards, the UK Public
	Sector Internal Auditing Standards.
Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for the discharge of the monitoring officer function.	The Head of Law is the Monitoring Officer for the NJMAC. An annual report from the Monitoring Officer is reported to the Audit Committee.
	The Head of Law is also given the duty of being the Monitoring Officer for the County Council. This means that they are responsible for ensuring compliance with relevant laws and regulations. A protocol covering the role and functions of a Monitoring Officer is contained within the Constitution.
Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for the discharge of the head of paid service function.	All the NMAS museums are accredited as part of Arts Council England's UK Museum Accreditation Scheme. This involves a full assessment of all matters relating to museum governance, organisation, management, operations and customer service. Accreditation is renewed approximately every 5 years and position reports are required every 2 years. Accreditation was confirmed in 2010 following the last position statement. Under the scheduled programme of Accreditation renewals, Accreditation was renewed for Cromer, Ancient House Museum and Lynn Museum in 2012. Other NMAS sites will be reviewed during the period 2013-14.
Undertaking the core functions of an audit committee, as identified in CIPFA's Audit Committees – Practical Guidance for Local	Norfolk County Council Audit Committee provides the core functions of an audit committee on behalf of the NJMAC.

Authorities.	Norfolk Audit Services strategy for the delivery of the audit service provides for delivery of work for the NJMAC for instance in reporting to the NJMAC and facilitation of the delivery of the Annual Governance Statement.
	The County Council Audit Committee approves an annual audit plan for Norfolk Audit Services which includes audits which relate directly to the NMAS and also indirectly to the whole internal control environment on which the NMAS relies
	The minutes and agendas from the Audit Committee's quarterly meetings are available on the County Council's website. There is also general information on the website about the Audit Committee, including which councillors sit on the committee.
	The Internal Audit Annual Report for the NJMAC places reliance on the effectiveness of the governance arrangements for the County Council which is reported within the Chief Internal Auditor's County Council Annual Internal Audit Report.
Ensuring compliance with relevant laws and regulations, internal policies and procedures, and that expenditure is lawful.	The Head of Law is given the duty of being the Monitoring Officer for the County Council and the NJMAC. This means that they are responsible for ensuring compliance with relevant laws and regulations. A protocol covering the role and functions of a Monitoring Officer is contained within the Constitution. An annual report from the Monitoring Officer is reported to the Audit Committee.
Whistle-blowing and for receiving and investigating complaints from the public.	NJMAC adopts the County Council's Complaints and Compliments procedures. Both of these are available on the County Council's website. http://www.norfolk.gov.uk/view/NCC104061
	Whenever a member of the public contacts the County Council to either complain or

praise the council the contact will be dealt with in accordance with our Complaints & Compliments Policy and procedures.

The NJMAC has adopted the County Council's Anti Fraud & Corruption Strategy, which is linked to the Whistle blowing policy. These are internal policies, which all staff are expected to follow. http://www.norfolk.gov.uk/view/ncc102043 http://intranet.norfolk.gov.uk/whistleblowing/whispol.doc

There were no instances of Whistle blowing with respect to the NMAS during 2012-13.

 Identifying the development needs of members and senior officers in relation to their strategic roles, supported by appropriate training. NJMAC members have access to the County Council's Member Support Officer who is part of the Democratic Services team. It is their job to look after the pastoral needs of the County Councillors, arranging training, keeping an updated register of interests, and also a hospitality register. They arrange travel and conference attendance and also deal and resolve IT queries for Members.

On-line training for Members and staff is available.

The County Council also ensures appropriate training for all senior officers through corporate programmes or as identified through the annual appraisal process. Officers supporting NJMAC are included with these programmes.

 Establishing clear channels of communication with all sections of the community and other stakeholders, ensuring accountability and encouraging open consultation The NMAS maintains a website which contains useful information for its users including news, details of collections and online exhibitions. The NMAS also produce a quarterly newsletter which is available on the Council's website.

http://www.museums.norfolk.gov.uk/Whats On/index.htm

NMAS maintains a database of users who are regularly contacted by either post or email. NMAS also operates the Museums

Pass membership scheme, communicating with members on a regular basis. NMAS sites actively use social media to engage with users.

NMAS operates a number of consultative fora and undertakes regular programmes of evaluation and consultation.

 Enhancing the accountability for service delivery and effectiveness of other public service providers All the NMAS museums are accredited as part of Arts Council England's UK Museum Accreditation Scheme.

This involves a full assessment of all matters relating to museum governance, organisation, management, operations and customer service. Accreditation is renewed approximately every 5 years and position reports are required every 2 years.

Accreditation was confirmed in 2010 following the last position statement. Under the scheduled programme of Accreditation renewals, Accreditation was renewed for Cromer, Ancient House Museum and Lynn Museum in 2012. Other NMAS sites will be reviewed during the period 2013-14.

An annual report was presented to the Joint Museum and Archeology Committee in June 2012 on the annual visitors performance.

 Incorporating good governance arrangements in respect of partnerships and other joint working as identified by the Audit Commission's report on the governance of partnerships, and reflecting these in the committee's overall governance arrangements. The NJMAC works in partnership with district councils and Norwich City Council. NMAS also manages a National Trust property and the collections of the Royal Norfolk Regimental Trust as partnership arrangements.

The Audit Commission produced a report suggesting some points to ensure good control within partnerships and the NJMAC follow these guidelines with all partnerships.

3 Review of effectiveness

- 3.1 The NJMAC has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of its governance framework, including the system of internal control. The review of effectiveness is informed by the work of the executive managers within the authority who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment, the Chief Internal Auditor's Annual Internal Audit report, and also by comments made by the external auditors and other review agencies and inspectorates.
- 3.2 All the NMAS museums are accredited as part of Arts Council England's UK Museum Accreditation Scheme. This involves a full assessment of all matters relating to museum governance, organisation, management, operations and customer service. Accreditation is renewed approximately every 5 years and position reports are required every 2 years. Accreditation was confirmed in 2010 following the last position statement. Under the scheduled programme of Accreditation renewals, Accreditation was renewed for Cromer, Ancient House Museum and Lynn Museum in 2012. Other NMAS sites will be reviewed during the period 2013-14.
- 3.3 The Annual NMAS plan relating to Renaissance in the Regions, a government funding stream made available through Arts Council England, is audited by the Arts Council.

The process that has been applied in maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the governance framework include:

The Authority & the Executive

- Statutory roles of Council's Monitoring Officer and Section 151 Officer to ensure internal control procedures are efficient and effective and are being complied with on a routine basis to ensure legality and sound financial standing.
- Risk Management policies and procedures are in place to ensure that the risks facing the committee in achieving its objectives are evaluated, regularly reviewed and mitigation strategies developed. These

The Committee has, where appropriate, received the full range of professional officer advice and support to enable it to carry out its functions effectively and in compliance with statutory requirements.

The NJMAC Agreement in 2006 stated that the Section 151 Officer would be the treasurer of the Joint Committee.

The NJMAC has adopted the the County Council's Risk Management Framework and Policy which is reviewed annually by the Audit Committee and significant changes are reported to and approved by the County Council.

arrangements are approved and reviewed by Cabinet following advice from the Chief Executive and all Chief Officers.

The embedding of risk management into business activity is continuing. Action is being taken throughout the NMAS to ensure Risk management is fully embedded.

Corporate and departmental risk registers, including Community Services and NMAS functions, are in place and being used as a management tool. Reporting of risk management activity to Members is embedded within risk registers being reported six monthly to the Review Panel. The NJMAC have a risk register which is reviewed monthly and reported at each meeting. Further communications and training to members and staff are planned; with the objective of ensuring risk management and awareness are embedded in the service's practices and procedures.

Insurance policies and funds are in place and are regularly reviewed, at least annually, to ensure NJMAC is adequately safeguarded.

 Provision of effective, efficient and responsive systems of financial management. The NMAS presented a report on the Service and Budget Planning 2012-15 to the Committee on 15 February 2013 and this was approved by the Committee at the same meeting.

This can be found on the Council's website. Reports on budgetary positions are taken to each NJMAC meeting for discussion and review.

 Delivery of services by trained, skilled and experienced personnel. The NJMAC and the County Council has demonstrated its commitment through its IIP accreditation, which was successfully reassessed during September 2007.

 Performance monitoring processes are in place to measure progress against objectives and to provide for remedial action where appropriate. Regular reports on Performance Indicators, including those for the NMAS, are presented to the Chief Officers Group via PRISM (the County Council's corporate performance and risk management system) and Cabinet. This is against the Corporate Improvement Plan, which highlights the key areas for improvement. The NJMAC receive half yearly reports to

	measure progress.
The Audit Committee/Overview and Scr Committee	Lutiny Committee/Risk Management
 The audit and scrutiny function is carried out and developed through the Cabinet Scrutiny Committee, the Audit Committee. 	The NJMAC is included in the scope of the Cabinet Scrutiny Committee, The Community Services Overview and Scrutiny Panel and the Audit Committee which have continued to carry out reviews across a wide range of topics.
The Standards Committee	
The role of the Standards Committee is to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by councillors and co- opted members.	 The Committee met during 2012-13. Its business included: The new standards regime introduced by the Localism Act 2011 Standards performance and Monitoring report from the Monitoring Officer Co-opted members follow the same NCC standards as other members. The Monitoring Officer also reports annually to the June Audit Committee, which covers NMAS, as part of NCC.
Chief Financial Officer	
The Head of Finance is the Chief Finance Officer (CFO) for the County Council and the NJMAC.	The financial management arrangements for the NJMAC conform to the CIPFA 2010 statement on the role of the CFO and these are espoused by the NJMAC. Further details are included within the County Council Annual Governance Statement, available on the Council's website.
Internal Audit	
Internal Audit provide independent	The External Auditor is able to place

and objective assurances across the whole range of the Committee's financial and nonfinancial activities reliance on the work of Norfolk Audit Services (NAS) and has assessed that Internal Audit provides an effective service overall.

NAS is continuing to develop its work programme such that resources are allocated based on a systematic assessment of all areas of risk facing the Council in carrying out its functions.

Follow up work undertaken in 2012-13 confirmed that satisfactory action had been taken or planned following a review of security arrangements. The follow up work covered both recommendations made through internal audit work and through the independent security assessment commissioned by the Head of Museums from Consort Securities Ltd.

Further details are provided within the Chief Internal Auditor's Annual Internal Audit Report which also includes reference to the effectiveness of the Governance arrangements for the NMAS.

Other explicit review/assurance mechanisms

- External Audit provide a further source of assurance by reviewing and reporting upon the Council's internal control processes and any other matters relevant to their statutory functions and codes of practice.
- Codes of practice are issued by external bodies in respect of Council services and processes, with which the Council is expected to comply.

The Audit Commission issued a final Annual Governance Report for 2011-12 in September 2012 for the NJMAC. The report

- gave an unqualified audit opinion,
- stated that the internal control environment was adequate and
- gave an unqualified opinion with respect to the arrangements to secure value for money.

The NJMAC, through the County Council, has adopted the CIPFA Treasury Management in Public Services Code from November 2002.

The NJMAC has complied with the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2011.

NAS has implemented the CIPFA Code of Practice for Internal Audit in Local

 Reviews by external agencies and inspectorates, which would encompass most major services, and other specific external evaluations, for example, the Local Government Ombudsman and Health & Safety inspectorates. Government in the United Kingdom 2006 for its work that supports the service.

See section 3.2 and below.

Significant governance issues

There were no significant governance issues reported during the year.	
Signed: Chairman	
Date: 28 June 2013	
Signed: Director of Community Services	

Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee 30 September 2013 Item No: 9

Letter of Representation 2012-13

Report by the Head of Finance

Summary

This report provides details of the Letter of Representation in connection with the audit of the financial statements for 2012/13.

Recommendation

The Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee is recommended to endorse the Letter of Representation and that the Chairman and the Head of Finance sign it on behalf of the Committee.

1. Introduction

1.1 Each year the Committee is required to provide a letter of representation to the external auditors before the auditor issues their opinion.

2. Letter of Representation

- 2.1 The letter of representation covers matters material to the financial statements and possible non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- 2.2 The auditors require that the letter is signed by the person with specific responsibility for the financial statements, which for this Committee is the Head of Finance, and formally acknowledged as being correct by "those charged with governance" by being signed by the Chair of the Committee.
- 2.3 In accordance with these requirements, the Head of Finance has, having made appropriate enquiries of officers of Norfolk Joint Museums & Archaeology Committee, written the letter, which will be presented to the committee on 30 September 2013.

3. Resource And Risk Implications

3.1 There are no resources or risk implications arising from this report.

4. Other Implications

4.1 There are no legal, human rights, and communication implications arising from this report. The contents of this report do not directly impact on equality, in that it is not making proposals that will have an impact on equality of access or outcomes for diverse groups.

5. Section 17 Crime and Disorder Act

5.1 There are no direct implications of this report for the Crime and Disorder Act

6. Alternative Options

6.1 There are no alternative options that the Joint Committee needs to consider.

7. Conclusion

7.1 The Joint Committee should consider the External Auditor's report and whether the committee wishes to take any further action.

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Committee endorses the letter of representation and that the Chairman and Head of Finance sign it on behalf of the Committee.

If you need this statement in large print, audio, Braille, alternative format or in a different language please contact Sam Jarrett on tel. 01603 222828 or textphone 0344 8008011, and we will do our best to help.





Finance Department County Hall Martineau Lane Norwich NR1 2DW

My Ref: s/genrep/2013

Your Ref:

Please ask for: Sam Jarrett

Direct Dialling Number: 01603 222828

Fax Number: 01603 222811

Email: sam.jarrett@norfolk.gov.uk

30 September 2013

Rob Murray Ernst & Young LLP One Cambridge Business Park Cowley Road, Cambridge CB4 0WZ

Dear Rob

Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee Audit of Financial Statements 2012/13 Letter of Representation

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee ("the Joint Committee") for the year ended 31 March 2013. We recognise that obtaining representations from us concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling you to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology Committee as of 31 March 2013 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2012/13.

We understand that the purpose of your audit of our financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that your audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland), which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify - nor necessarily be expected to disclose – all fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Accordingly, we make the following representations, which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:



A. Financial Statements and Financial Records

- We have fulfilled our responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations (England) 2011 and CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2012/13.
- 2. We acknowledge our responsibility for the fair presentation of the financial statements. We believe the financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position and of its expenditure and income of the Joint Committee in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2012/13 and are free of material misstatements, including omissions. We have approved the financial statements.
- 3. The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are appropriately described in the financial statements.
- 4. We believe that the Joint Committee has a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2012/13 that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. There are no unadjusted audit differences identified during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented.

B. Fraud

- 1. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.
- 2. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 3. We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in the Joint Committee's internal controls over financial reporting. In addition, we have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud involving other employees in which the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements. We have no knowledge of any allegations of financial improprieties, including fraud or suspected fraud, (regardless of the source or form and including without limitation, any allegations by "whistleblowers") which could result in a misstatement of the financial statements or otherwise affect the financial reporting of the Joint Committee.

C. Compliance with Laws and Regulations

 We have disclosed to you all known actual or suspected noncompliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.



D. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions

- 1. We have provided you with:
 - Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters as agreed in terms of the audit engagement.
 - Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit and
- 2. Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- 3. All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 4. We have made available to you all minutes of the meetings of the Joint Committee, and Accounts Approval and Urgent Business Sub-Committee (or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared) held through the year to the most recent meeting.
- 5. We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Joint Committee's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services, leasing arrangements, guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the period ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the year end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements.
- 6. We have disclosed to you, and the Joint Committee has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.

E. Liabilities and Contingencies

- 1. All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.
- 2. We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.
- 3. We have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities related litigation and claims, both actual and contingent. There are no guarantees that we have given to third parties.

F. Subsequent Events

1. Other than those events described in Note 4 to the financial statements, there have been no events subsequent to period end which require adjustment of or disclosure in



the financial statements or notes thereto.

G. Accounting Estimates

- 1. We believe that the significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 2. Accounting estimates recognised or disclosed in the financial statements:
 - We believe the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, we used in determining accounting estimates is appropriate and the application of these processes is consistent.
 - The disclosures relating to accounting estimates are complete and appropriate in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
 - The assumptions we used in making accounting estimates appropriately reflects our intent and ability to carry out specific courses of action on behalf of the entity, where relevant to the accounting estimates and disclosures.
 - No subsequent event requires an adjustment to the accounting estimates and disclosures included in the financial statements.

Yours sincerely
Head of Finance
I confirm that this letter has been discussed and agreed at the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology – Accounts Approval and Urgent Business Sub-Committee on 30 September 2013
Chairman of the Norfolk Joint Museums and Archaeology – Accounts Approval and Urgent Business Sub-Committee